CITY OF ST. LOUIS

Gratiot County, Michigan

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2023

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of City Council City of St. Louis, Michigan

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of St. Louis as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of St. Louis as of June 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City of St. Louis and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City of St. Louis' ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether
 due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks.
 Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and
 disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of St. Louis' internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City of St. Louis' ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis (pages 5-10), pension schedules (pages 55-57) and budgetary comparison information (pages 58-60) be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of City Council City of St. Louis, Michigan

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of St. Louis's basic financial statements. The accompanying supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 19, 2023 on our consideration of the City of St. Louis's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of St. Louis's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City of St. Louis's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Saginaw, Michigan December 19, 2023

Berthiaume & ls.



June 30, 2023

As management of the City of St. Louis (the "City"), we offer readers of the City's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in the financial statements and the notes to the financial statements.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS:

- The City's combined total net position is reported as \$56,700,252 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, compared to \$49,499,179 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022.
- In the City's governmental activities, revenues generated were \$4,347,293 while expenses totaled \$3,724,176.
- In the City's business-type activities, revenues generated were \$15,357,946 while expenses totaled \$8,795,282.
- Total net position increased by \$7,201,073.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS:

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains required supplementary information and other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide Financial Statements:

The government-wide statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, as a whole, in a manner similar to a private sector business. The *statement of net position* presents information on all of the City's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. The *statement of activities* presents all of the City's revenues and expenses, and is reported based on when the underlying event giving rise to the revenue or expense occurs, regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The government-wide statements of the City of St. Louis are divided into three categories:

<u>Governmental Activities</u> – Most of the City's basic services are included here, such as the public safety, public works, recreation departments, and general administration. Property taxes, state shared revenue, and charges for services finance most of these activities.

<u>Business-type Activities</u> – The City charges fees to customers to recover all or a significant portion of certain services it provides. These business-type activities include electric, water and sewer, and solid waste.

<u>Component Unit</u> – The City includes the Downtown Development Authority as a discretely presented component unit.

Fund Financial Statements:

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the City's most significant funds, not the City as a whole. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives.

June 30, 2023

The City has three types of funds:

<u>Governmental Funds</u> – Many of the City's basic services are included in governmental funds, which focus on how cash and other financial assets that can be converted to cash flow in and out. The funds also show the balances left at year-end that are available for spending.

The governmental funds focus on a short-term view, rather than the long-term focus of the government-wide statements, so additional information is provided after each of the governmental fund statements that explain the relationship of differences between the fund and government-wide statements.

The City maintains seven (7) individual governmental funds. Separate information is presented for the General Fund and Public Safety Fund, which are considered to be "major" funds. Data from the other five (5) governmental funds, considered to be "nonmajor" funds, are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

The City adopts an annual budget for each of its governmental funds. Budgetary comparison statements have been presented for major governmental funds to demonstrate compliance with those budgets.

<u>Proprietary Funds</u> – Proprietary funds are used to report services where the City charges a fee to the customer to recover most or all of the cost of the service rendered. Proprietary funds provide both long- and short-term financial information. The two types of proprietary funds are enterprise and internal service funds.

- Enterprise funds and business-type funds are the same, but the fund statements provide more detail and additional information such as cash flows. The City's enterprise funds are the Electric Fund, Water and Sewer Fund and Solid Waste Fund.
- Internal service funds are used to report activities that provide supplies and services to the City's other programs. The City's internal service funds are the Motor Pool Fund and Police Equipment Fund.

<u>Fiduciary Funds</u> – Fiduciary funds are used to account for the resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of the funds are not available to support the City's own programs.

Notes to the Financial Statements:

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Other Information:

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the City. The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with the nonmajor governmental funds are presented immediately following the required supplementary information.

THE CITY AS A WHOLE:

The City's total combined net position for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023 is \$56,700,252, consisting of \$16,307,684 in governmental activities and \$40,392,568 in business-type activities.

June 30, 2023

Combined unrestricted net position, that part of net position that can be used to finance day-to-day operations, is \$7,229,305. Governmental activities unrestricted total is \$3,721,331, while business-type activities is \$3,507,974.

The following table shows comparisons of total assets, total deferred outflows, total liabilities, total deferred inflows, and total net position in a condensed format as of June 30, 2023 and June 30, 2022.

	Gover	nmental	Busine	ess-type		
	Act	ivities	Acti	vities	<i>To</i>	tal
	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022
Assets:						
Current and other						
assets	\$ 7,192,875	\$ 6,583,408	\$ 14,328,313	\$ 12,823,851	\$ 21,521,188	\$ 19,407,259
Capital assets, net	11,020,806	11,192,299	33,110,020	27,709,833	44,130,826	38,902,132
Total assets	18,213,681	17,775,707	47,438,333	40,533,684	65,652,014	58,309,391
Deferred outflows	163,423	41,453	637,829	189,355	801,252	230,808
Liabilities:						
Current liabilities	331,210	658,818	1,803,770	827,289	2,134,980	1,486,107
Long-term liabilities	1,738,210	1,582,472	5,736,122	5,232,332	7,474,332	6,814,804
Total liabilities	2,069,420	2,241,290	7,539,892	6,059,621	9,609,312	8,300,911
Deferred inflows		124,999	143,702	615,110	143,702	740,109
Net position:						
Net investment in						
capital assets	9,555,540	9,715,533	28,487,020	22,840,683	38,042,560	32,556,216
Restricted	3,030,813	2,604,677	8,397,574	7,603,267	11,428,387	10,207,944
Unrestricted	3,721,331	3,130,661	3,507,974	3,604,358	7,229,305	6,735,019
Total net position	\$ 16,307,684	\$ 15,450,871	\$ 40,392,568	\$ 34,048,308	\$ 56,700,252	\$ 49,499,179

Overall Analysis of Financial Position and Change in Net Position:

The City's combined total net position increased by \$7,201,073 during the current fiscal year. Governmental activities increased by \$856,813 while business-type activities increased by \$6,344,260. The City continues to report a solid net position in its governmental and business-type activities, with approximately \$17 million reported in cash and investments and manageable long-term debt and minimal pension liability.

Governmental Activities:

The City's total governmental revenue is reported at \$4,347,293, a decrease of \$168,962 from the prior fiscal year. During the current year, capital grants decreased approximately \$330,000. Total expenses increased by \$125,209 from the prior fiscal year.

Business-type Activities:

The City's total business-type revenue is reported at \$15,357,946, an increase of \$4,614,022 from the prior fiscal year. Capital grants increased approximately \$5 million which was used for various water system improvements. Total expenses decreased by \$3,650 from the prior fiscal year.

June 30, 2023

The following table shows the comparison of the change in net position in a condensed format for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2023 and June 30, 2022.

	Gover	nmen	ıtal		Busine	SS-1	type				
	Acti	vities	5		Activ	vitie	es .		To	tal	
	2023		2022		2023		2022		2023		2022
Revenues:											
Program revenues											
Charges for services	\$ 1,521,266	\$	1,334,001	\$	9,461,797	\$	10,112,423	\$	10,983,063	\$	11,446,424
Operating grants	1,074,415		1,055,511		4,217		56,844		1,078,632		1,112,355
Capital grants	-		331,340		5,543,504		540,380		5,543,504		871,720
General revenues											
Taxes	813,364		890,820		-		-		813,364		890,820
Franchise fees	25,949		26,765		-		-		25,949		26,765
Unrestricted grants	752,321		761,435		-		-		752,321		761,435
Investment earnings	152,268		8,360		329,030		22,562		481,298		30,922
Other	7,710	_	108,023	_	19,398	_	11,715	_	27,108	_	119,738
Total revenues	4,347,293		4,516,255	_	15,357,946	_	10,743,924	_	19,705,239	_	15,260,179
Expenses:											
General government	532,223		551,568		-		-		532,223		551,568
Public safety	1,158,284		1,096,256		-		-		1,158,284		1,096,256
Public works	1,387,466		1,398,202		-		-		1,387,466		1,398,202
Community and											
economic development	144,533		110,756		_		-		144,533		110,756
Recreation and culture	450,620		415,817		-		-		450,620		415,817
Interest on debt	51,050		26,368		-		-		51,050		26,368
Electric	-		-		4,835,407		5,268,052		4,835,407		5,268,052
Sewer	-		-		1,719,137		1,419,580		1,719,137		1,419,580
Water	-		-		1,858,597		1,705,361		1,858,597		1,705,361
Solid Waste				_	382,141	_	405,939	_	382,141	_	405,939
Total expenses	3,724,176		3,598,967	_	8,795,282		8,798,932	_	12,519,458		12,397,899
Excess of revenues over expenses before other											
items	623,117		917,288		6,562,664	_	1,944,992	_	7,185,781		2,862,280
Other items:											
Principal contributions	2,288		3,175		_		_		2,288		3,175
Sale of capital assets	13,004		41,610		_		(36,334)		13,004		5,276
Interfund transfers	218,404		272,670		(218,404)		(272,670)		-		-
Total other items	233,696		317,455		(218,404)		(309,004)		15,292		8,451
Changes in net position	856,813		1,234,743		6,344,260		1,635,988		7,201,073		2,870,731
Net position, beginning	15,450,871		14,216,128		34,048,308		32,412,320		49,499,179		46,628,448
Net position, ending	\$ 16,307,684	\$	15,450,871	\$	40,392,568	\$	34,048,308	\$	56,700,252	\$	49,499,179

June 30, 2023

THE CITY'S FUNDS:

Presentation of the City of St. Louis' major funds and aggregate nonmajor funds begins on page 16, following the government-wide financial statements. The fund financial statements provide detailed information about the most significant funds, not the City as a whole. Funds are created to help manage money for specific purposes, as well as show accountability for certain activities, such as specific property tax millages and restricted receipts from Federal and State sources.

The General Fund is the City's largest governmental fund and one of two governmental funds that is considered a major fund in the current fiscal year. It pays for most of the City's government services. Its major components of revenue are property taxes and state shared revenue. For the year ended June 30, 2023, General Fund financing sources exceeded its financing uses by \$170,749, increasing its ending fund balance to \$1,860,288. The City's second major governmental fund, the Public Safety Fund decreased its ending fund balance by \$67,574.

Overall Analysis of Financial Position and Change in General Fund Fund Balance:

The General Fund unassigned fund balance of \$1,295,404 as of June 30, 2023 is considered, by management, to be healthy in comparison to the annual General Fund budgeted expenditures and interfund transfers out of approximately \$2.9 million. The City has utilized effective budget controls in the General Fund to maintain its fund balance.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights:

The General Fund budget, as originally adopted, projected a decrease in fund balance of \$385,808. During the year, the City made budget amendments which changed the projection to a net decrease in fund balance of \$150,453. The actual results for the year yielded an increase in fund balance of \$170,749.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration:

At June 30, 2023, the City of St. Louis had \$44,130,826 invested in a range of capital assets including land, buildings and improvements, equipment, vehicles, electric, water and sewer lines, streets, and other infrastructure, net of accumulated depreciation. At June 30, 2022, this total was \$38,902,132. Additional information about the City's capital assets is presented in Note 1 and Note 6 of the Notes to the Financial Statements.

At June 30, 2023, the City of St. Louis' total long-term indebtedness (not including compensated absences and net pension liability) was \$6,088,266, of which \$1,465,266 was backed by the full faith and credit of the City and the remaining \$4,623,000 was backed by specific revenue sources. Additional information about the City's indebtedness is presented in Note 7 of the Notes to the Financial Statements.

Economic Factors:

Following the discovery of traces of varying levels of the chemical compound para-Chlorobenzene Sulfonic Acid from the Velsicol Superfund Site in all six municipal drinking water supply wells, the Michigan Department of Environmental Quality strongly suggested replacement of the City's entire water supply in a location five miles or greater from the City. During fiscal year 2010-2011, litigation was settled against Velsicol Chemical Company, the Velsicol Trust Funds et al (responsible parties for the contamination) in the amount of \$26,500,000. These funds, together with a \$27,100,000 grant awarded by the United States Environmental Protection Agency (US EPA), are being used to design and construct a new water supply system. This system is a collaboration with the close-by City of Alma. The City of St. Louis began receiving water from the new project in 2015 even though significant construction continues for additional wells and transmission mains. To date, it is estimated that the project is 98% complete.

June 30, 2023

Gratiot County (which includes the City of St. Louis and the surrounding incorporated and unincorporated area), has a labor force of 18,224 people. The unemployment rate in the County for July 2023 is 5.1% which is down from the July 2022 rate of 5.3%. Statewide unemployment for the same period remained flat at 4.3%.

The City was successful in obtaining a part grant/part loan through the Drinking Water State Revolving Fund (DWSRF) in 2023. We will receive \$20 million in ARP Grant with the remainder coming in loan funding through the state in the amount of \$3.5 million. The plan calls for the replacement of significant water mains throughout the City.

Over recent years, City Council and staff have been working hard on long-term funding plans for the City's water and sewer departments. The City is facing the challenges of an aging infrastructure, state unfunded mandates, and substantial equipment, utility, material and maintenance cost increases since the covid-19 pandemic. As a result of these challenges, it will be necessary to continue with rate increases using the rate studies to develop rates and charges that best meet the City's goals and objectives and are fair and equitable to the users of the systems. The goal being to sustain the systems on a long-term basis, provide financial stability, regulate water quality, and continue to meet State of Michigan water and sewer regulations, all while charging the fairest rates for all users.

The City continues to monitor overall spending closely and seek out revenue sources and programs to sustain the level of services that residents in the community have become accustomed to. We are fortunate to have healthy fund equity in most funds to provide us some flexibility as we address future challenges.

Contacting the City's Financial Management:

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Finance Director at the City of St. Louis, 300 N. Mill Street, St. Louis, Michigan 48880.



STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

June 30, 2023

	Primary Government							
	Go	vernmental	Bı	ısiness-type			Ca	omponent
		Activities		Activities	_	Total		Unit
Assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	4,954,534	\$	1,583,932	\$	6,538,466	\$	134,273
Investments		2,182,479		-		2,182,479		-
Receivables		280,144		3,634,482		3,914,626		15,168
Internal balances		(435,623)		435,623		-		-
Inventory		11,879		293,965		305,844		-
Prepaid expenses		164,355		-		164,355		-
Restricted cash and cash equivalents		-		1,179,487		1,179,487		-
Restricted investments		-		7,200,824		7,200,824		-
Asset held for resale		35,107		-		35,107		85,000
Capital assets not being depreciated		2,503,883		8,825,513		11,329,396		-
Capital assets being depreciated, net		8,516,923		24,284,507	_	32,801,430		
Total assets		18,213,681	_	47,438,333	_	65,652,014		234,441
Deferred outflows of resources:								
Related to pension		163,423		637,829	_	801,252		
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		331,210		1,803,770		2,134,980		2,536
Unearned revenue		-		-		-		555
Long-term liabilities:								
Due within one year								
Long-term debt		35,015		391,000		426,015		_
Compensated absences		89,742		108,398		198,140		_
Due in more than one year								
Long-term debt		1,430,251		4,232,000		5,662,251		-
Compensated absences		17,321		32,832		50,153		_
Net pension liability		165,881		971,892	_	1,137,773		-
Total liabilities		2,069,420		7,539,892	_	9,609,312		3,091
Deferred inflows of resources:								
Leases				143,702	_	143,702		14,452
								continued

continued

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION, CONTINUED

June 30, 2023

	<u>Pr</u>			
	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total	Component Unit
Net position:				
Net investment in capital assets	9,555,540	28,487,020	38,042,560	-
Restricted for:				
Debt service	-	618,454	618,454	-
Library operations	959,404	-	959,404	-
Nonexpendable cemetery principal	189,995	-	189,995	-
Replacement/improvements	-	6,136,821	6,136,821	-
Streets	1,881,414	-	1,881,414	-
Water supply replacement	-	1,642,299	1,642,299	-
Unrestricted	3,721,331	3,507,974	7,229,305	216,898
Total net position	\$ 16,307,684	\$ 40,392,568	\$ 56,700,252	\$ 216,898

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

Year Ended June 30, 2023

			Program Revenues							
		Expenses		Charges for Services	G	Operating Frants and Intributions		Capital rants and ntributions	•	Net Expense) Revenue
Functions/Programs										
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT:										
Governmental activities:										
General government	\$	532,223	\$	683,812	\$	4,892	\$	-	\$	156,481
Public safety		1,158,284		169,103		19,161		-		(970,020)
Public works		1,387,466		600,655		803,289		-		16,478
Community and economic development		144,533		-		3,500		-		(141,033)
Recreation and culture		450,620		67,696		243,573		-		(139,351)
Interest on long-term debt		51,050				-				(51,050)
Total governmental activities		3,724,176		1,521,266	_	1,074,415	_	-		(1,128,495)
Business-type activities:										
Electric		4,835,407		5,013,087		-		-		177,680
Sewer		1,719,137		1,944,172		-		-		225,035
Water		1,858,597		2,058,813		4,217		5,543,504		5,747,937
Solid Waste		382,141	_	445,725						63,584
Total business-type activities	_	8,795,282		9,461,797	_	4,217	_	5,543,504		6,214,236
Total primary government	\$	12,519,458	\$	10,983,063	\$	1,078,632	\$	5,543,504	\$	5,085,741
COMPONENT UNIT:										
Downtown Development Authority	\$	16,720	\$		\$		\$	-	\$	(16,720)

continued

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES, CONTINUED

Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Primary Government									
		Business- Governmental type Activities Activities Total		type		Total		Total		omponent Unit
Changes in net position:										
Net (Expense) Revenue	\$	(1,128,495)	\$	6,214,236	\$	5,085,741	\$	(16,720)		
General revenues: Taxes:										
Property taxes, levied for general purpose		807,197		-		807,197		-		
County-wide special assessment, public safety		-		-		-		-		
Property taxes, captured by component unit		-		-		-		41,855		
Payment in lieu of taxes		6,167		-		6,167		-		
Franchise fees		25,949		-		25,949		-		
Grants and contributions not restricted to										
specific programs		752,321		-		752,321		-		
Unrestricted investment earnings		152,268		329,030		481,298		8,902		
Other		7,710		19,398		27,108		-		
Contributions to principal of permanent funds		2,288		-		2,288		-		
Special items:										
Sale of capital assets		13,004		-		13,004		-		
Transfers	_	218,404	_	(218,404)						
Total general revenues, contributions,										
special items and transfers	_	1,985,308	_	130,024		2,115,332		50,757		
Change in net position		856,813		6,344,260		7,201,073		34,037		
Net position, beginning of year	_	15,450,871		34,048,308		49,499,179		182,861		
Net position, end of year	\$	16,307,684	\$	40,392,568	\$	56,700,252	\$	216,898		

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

BALANCE SHEET

June 30, 2023

		General Fund		Public Safety Fund
Assets:	Ф	212.010	Φ	24.642
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	313,018	\$	24,642
Investments		1,283,339		-
Taxes receivable		6,483		-
Accounts receivable		21,152		-
Accrued interest receivable		-		
Due from other governments		113,940		-
Prepaid expenditures		163,214		110
Property held for resale		35,107		
Total assets	\$	1,936,253	\$	24,752
Liabilities and Fund Balances:				
Liabilities:				
Accounts payable	\$	53,728	\$	3,600
Accrued expenses		4,630		-
Due to other governments		3,730		-
Deposits payable		500		-
Accrued wages payable		13,377		16,745
Total liabilities	_	75,965	_	20,345
Fund balances:				
Nonspendable:				
Prepaid expenditures		163,214		110
Property held for resale		35,107		-
Nonexpendable cemetery principal		-		-
Restricted for:				
Library operations		-		-
Streets		-		-
Committed to:				
Capital improvements		-		-
Cemetery operations		-		-
Public safety		-		4,297
Assigned to:				
Cemetery improvements		41,563		-
Capital improvements		325,000		-
Future pension contribution		250,000		-
Unassigned		1,045,404		
Total fund balances		1,860,288		4,407
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	1,936,253	\$	24,752
				continued

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

BALANCE SHEET, CONTINUED

June 30, 2023

			Total	
Assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	3,606,940	\$	3,944,600
Investments		899,140		2,182,479
Taxes receivable		-		6,483
Accounts receivable		522		21,674
Accrued interest receivable		26		26
Due from other governments		138,021		251,961
Prepaid expenditures		1,031		164,355
Property held for resale				35,107
Total assets	\$	4,645,680	\$	6,606,685
Liabilities and Fund Balances:				
Liabilities:				
Accounts payable	\$	207,796	\$	265,124
Accrued expenses	Ψ	207,790	Ψ	4,630
Due to other governments		_		3,730
Deposits payable		_		500
Accrued wages payable		4,906		35,028
Total liabilities				309,012
Total habilities		212,702		309,012
Fund balances:				
Nonspendable:				
Prepaid expenditures		1,031		164,355
Property held for resale		-		35,107
Nonexpendable cemetery principal		189,995		189,995
Restricted for:				
Library operations		958,373		958,373
Streets		1,881,414		1,881,414
Committed to:				
Capital improvements		1,341,251		1,341,251
Cemetery operations		60,914		60,914
Public safety		-		4,297
Assigned to:				
Cemetery improvements		-		41,563
Capital improvements		-		325,000
Future pension contribution		-		250,000
Unassigned	_			1,045,404
Total fund balances		4,432,978		6,297,673
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	4,645,680	\$	6,606,685

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

RECONCILIATION OF FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

June 30, 2023

Fund balances of governmental funds	\$ 6,297,673
Net position reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position is different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds.	
Capital assets not being depreciated	2,503,883
Capital assets being depreciated, net	7,253,773
Certain pension amounts, such as net pension asset and related deferred amounts are not due and payable in the current period and do not represent current financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.	
Net pension liability	(165,881)
Deferred outflows related to net pension liability	163,423
Certain liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.	
Accrued interest payable	(16,770)
Long-term obligations	(1,465,266)
Compensated absences payable	(105,061)
A portion of the net position (including capital assets of \$1,263,150) and liabilities of the internal service fund are included in the governmental activities in the statement of net	
position (net of \$435,623 allocation to business-type activities).	 1,841,910
Net position of governmental activities	\$ 16,307,684

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

Year Ended June 30, 2023

	General Fund	Public Safety Fund
Revenues:		
Taxes	\$ 813,364	\$ 114,729
Licenses and permits	50,036	15.040
State grants	752,321	15,949
Contributions from other units Charges for services	736,733	-
Fines and forfeits	500	470
Investment income and rentals	69,010	47
Other revenue	18,831	20,775
Other revenue	10,031	
Total revenues	2,440,795	151,970
Expenditures:		
Current	450.046	
General government	459,846	1 066 460
Public safety	96,213	1,066,469
Public works Community and conomic development	312,692 146,067	-
Community and economic development Recreation and culture	156,932	-
Capital outlay	123,733	-
Debt service	123,733	_
Principal	31,421	1,001
Interest and fees	51,069	114
Total expenditures	1,377,973	1,067,584
Excess (deficiency) of revenues		
over expenditures	1,062,822	(915,614)
Other financing sources (uses):		
Proceeds from lease financing	20,694	273
Interfund transfers in	-	912,767
Interfund transfers out	(912,767)	(65,000)
Net other financing sources (uses)	(892,073)	848,040
Changes in fund balances	170,749	(67,574)
Fund balances, beginning of year	1,689,539	71,981
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 1,860,288	\$ 4,407
		continued

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES, CONTINUED

Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Ν	Nonmajor Funds	Total
Revenues:			
Taxes	\$	_	\$ 928,093
Licenses and permits		-	50,036
State grants		813,650	1,581,920
Contributions from other units		208,809	208,809
Charges for services		10,109	746,842
Fines and forfeits		51,408	52,378
Investment income and rentals		74,316	143,373
Other revenue		66,747	 106,353
Total revenues		1,225,039	 3,817,804
Expenditures:			
Current			
General government		-	459,846
Public safety		-	1,162,682
Public works		282,120	594,812
Community and economic development		-	146,067
Recreation and culture		230,322	387,254
Capital outlay		269,314	393,047
Debt service			
Principal		-	32,422
Interest and fees			 51,183
Total expenditures		781,756	 3,227,313
Excess (deficiency) of revenues			
over expenditures		443,283	 590,491
Other financing sources (uses):			
Proceeds from lease financing		_	20,967
Interfund transfers in		360,778	1,273,545
Interfund transfers out		(142,374)	(1,120,141)
Net other financing sources (uses)		218,404	 174,371
Changes in fund balances		661,687	764,862
Fund balances, beginning of year		3,771,291	 5,532,811
Fund balances, end of year	\$	4,432,978	\$ 6,297,673

RECONCILIATION OF CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO CHANGE IN NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

Year Ended June 30, 2023

Changes in fund balances of governmental funds	\$ 764,862
Change in net position reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities is different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is depreciated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.	
Purchases/Acquisitions of capital assets and right-to-use assets Depreciation/Amortization expense	414,014 (487,725)
Proceeds from lease financing are revenues in the governmental funds but increase long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.	(20,923)
Payments of principal on long-term obligations are expenditures in the governmental funds but the payments reduce long-term liabilities in the statement of net position	32,423
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	
Change in compensated absences payable	(972)
Change in accrued interest on bonds	132
Change in net pension liability and related deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources	131
Certain changes in net position of the internal service fund are reported with governmental	
activities in the statement of activities (net of \$44,621 allocation to business-type activities).	 154,871
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ 856,813

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

June 30, 2023

Enterprise Fund	S
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				Nonmajor		
	Electric	Sewer	Water	Solid Waste		Internal Service
	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Total	Funds
Assets:						
Current assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 845,381	\$ 509,410	\$ 94,212	\$ 134,929	\$ 1,583,932	\$ 1,009,934
Utility bills receivable	573,888	223,042	238,557	43,913	1,079,400	-
Accounts receivable	10,377	3,322	2,777	-	16,476	-
Accrued interest receivable	=	318	164	-	482	-
Due from other governments	-	-	2,387,341	_	2,387,341	-
Due from other funds	388,090	-	-	-	388,090	-
Inventory	206,632	46,440	27,627	13,266	293,965	11,879
Total current assets	2,024,368	782,532	2,750,678	192,108	5,749,686	1,021,813
Noncurrent assets:						
Restricted cash and cash						
equivalents	793,233	104,336	281,918	-	1,179,487	-
Restricted investments	3,998,676	660,893	2,541,255	-	7,200,824	-
Capital assets:						
Not being depreciated	318,300	339,542	8,167,671	-	8,825,513	-
Being depreciated, net	5,083,117	9,979,536	9,221,854	-	24,284,507	1,263,150
Leases receivable	29,241		121,542		150,783	
Total noncurrent assets	10,222,567	11,084,307	20,334,240		41,641,114	1,263,150
Total assets	12,246,935	11,866,839	23,084,918	192,108	47,390,800	2,284,963
Deferred outflows of						
resources:	206 401	167.275	222 172	40.001	627.020	
Related to pension	206,401	167,375	223,172	40,881	637,829	
Liabilities:						
Current liabilities:						
Accounts payable	203,237	25,426	1,466,150	14,325	1,709,138	5,044
Due to other funds	-	-	388,090	-	388,090	-
Due to other governments	1,755	-	-	-	1,755	-
Accrued interest payable	3,035	16,300	2,313	-	21,648	-
Deposits payable	29,581	-	9,644	-	39,225	-
Accrued wages payable	13,824	8,960	8,261	959	32,004	384
Compensated absences						
payable - current	61,338	23,693	19,727	3,640	108,398	1,684
Bonds payable - current	65,000	270,000	56,000		391,000	
Total current liabilities	377,770	344,379	1,950,185	18,924	2,691,258	7,112

continued

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION, CONTINUED

June 30, 2023

		E	nterprise Funds			
				Nonmajor		
	Electric Fund	Sewer Fund	Water Fund	Solid Waste Fund	Total	Internal Service Funds
Noncurrent liabilities:						
Compensated absences						
payable	21,539	5,545	5,087	661	32,832	318
Bonds payable	505,000	2,990,000	737,000	-	4,232,000	-
Net pension liability	286,644	260,582	343,492	81,174	971,892	
Total noncurrent liabilities	813,183	3,256,127	1,085,579	81,835	5,236,724	318
Total liabilities	1,190,953	3,600,506	3,035,764	100,759	7,927,982	7,430
Deferred inflows of resources:						
Leases	28,562		115,140		143,702	
Net position:						
Net investment in capital assets	4,831,417	7,059,078	16,596,525	-	28,487,020	1,263,150
Restricted for:						
Debt service	155,851	415,103	47,500	-	618,454	-
Replacement/improvements	4,636,058	350,126	1,150,637	-	6,136,821	-
Water supply replacement	-	-	1,642,299	-	1,642,299	-
Unrestricted	1,610,495	609,401	720,225	132,230	3,072,351	1,014,383
Total net position	\$ 11,233,821	\$ 8,433,708	\$ 20,157,186	\$ 132,230	\$ 39,956,945	\$ 2,277,533
Adjustment to reflect the consol	idation of interna	al service fund ac	tivities related to			
enterprise funds.					435,623	
Net position of business-type ac	tivities				\$ 40,392,568	

Penalties

Equipment rental

Total operating revenues

Total operating expenses

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION

Year Ended June 30, 2023

85,870

5,009,372

4,823,121

				Λ	onmajor			
					Solid		1	Internal
	Electric	Sewer	Water		Waste			Service
	 Fund	Fund	Fund		Fund	 Total		Fund
Operating revenues:								
Charges for services								
Sales	\$ 4,919,027	\$ 1,879,731	\$ 1,950,014	\$	436,883	\$ 9,185,655	\$	-
Other	4,475	47,428	30,610		130	82,643		2,635

Enterprise Funds

16,358

1,996,982

1,853,568

8,712

445,725

401,264

127,953

9,396,251

8,737,552

513,895

516,530

410,289

Operating expenses:						
Personnel	868,588	520,987	371,633	107,333	1,868,541	35,736
Contracted services	125,933	113,423	31,160	171,967	442,483	29
Purchased water	-	-	756,619	-	756,619	-
Administrative expense	337,213	120,670	171,770	22,647	652,300	-
Purchased energy	2,861,178	-	-	-	2,861,178	-
Other services and charges	353,356	478,911	161,745	99,317	1,093,329	140,552
Depreciation	276,853	425,608	360,641		1,063,102	233,972

17,013

1,944,172

Operating income (loss)	186,251	284,573	143,414	44,461	658,699	106,241
Non-operating revenues (expenses):						
State grants	-	-	4,217	-	4,217	-
Interest income	162,246	41,257	123,708	1,819	329,030	12,101

1,659,599

Rental income	26	-	16,883	- .	16,909	-
Lease income	3,689	-	44,948	-	48,637	-
Reimbursements/Other income	3,211	-	9,325	6,862	19,398	3,146
Sale of capital assets	-	-	-	-	-	13,004
Interest expense	(18,660)	(69,100)	(14,591)	<u> </u>	(102,351)	
Net non-operating	150 512	(27.843)	184 490	8 681	315 840	28 251

Change in net position
before capital
contributions and
transfers 336,763 256,730 327,904 53,142 974,539

continued

134,492

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION, CONTINUED

Year Ended June 30, 2023

	-	Ei				
				Nonmajor Solid		Took arms of
	Electric	Sewer	Water	Waste		Internal Service
	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Total	Fund
Capital contributions and transfers:						
Capital contribution - Federal						
grants	-	-	5,543,504	-	5,543,504	-
Interfund transfers in	-	-	-	-	-	65,000
Interfund transfers out	(116,145)	(45,027)	(46,747)	(10,485)	(218,404)	
Net capital contributions						
and transfers	(116,145)	(45,027)	5,496,757	(10,485)	5,325,100	65,000
Change in net position	220,618	211,703	5,824,661	42,657	6,299,639	199,492
Net position, beginning of year	11,013,203	8,222,005	14,332,525	89,573		2,078,041
Net position, end of year	\$ 11,233,821	\$ 8,433,708	\$ 20,157,186	\$ 132,230		\$ 2,277,533
Adjustment to reflect the consol	idation of internal	I service fund act	ivities related to			
enterprise funds.					44,621	
Change in net position of busine	ess-type activities				\$ 6,344,260	

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

Year Ended June 30, 2023

Enter	prise I	Funds
-------	---------	-------

			Ei	uer	prise r unas						
	Electric Fund		Sewer Fund		Water Fund	Λ	onmajor Solid Waste Fund		Total	j	Internal Service Fund
Cash flows from operating											
activities: Cash received from customers Cash received (payments) for	\$ 4,996,182	\$	1,930,451	\$	1,981,193	\$	443,902	\$	9,351,728	\$	2,635
interfund services Cash payments to and on	(423,238)		(47,863)		341,370		(89,923)		(219,654)		513,895
behalf of employees Cash payments for goods, services and other	(851,918) (3,606,871)		(514,736) (673,677)		(366,605) (1,087,134)		(106,300) (207,528)		(1,839,559) (5,575,210)		(35,267) (137,863)
	 (3,000,671)		(075,077)	-	(1,007,134)	_	(201,320)		(3,373,210)		(137,603)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	 114,155		694,175	_	868,824	_	40,151		1,717,305		343,400
Cash flows from non-capital financing activities:											
State grants	-		-		4,217		-		4,217		-
Other income	3,211		- (45.027)		9,325		6,862		19,398		3,146
Interfund transfers in (out)	 (116,145)		(45,027)	-	(46,747)		(10,485)		(218,404)		65,000
Net cash provided (used) by non-capital financing activities	(112,934)		(45,027)		(33,205)		(3,623)		(194,789)		68,146
-	 (112,50.)		(.0,027)	_	(55,255)	_	(0,020)	_	(1) 1,70)	_	00,110
Cash flows from capital and											
related financing activities: Capital contributions					3,293,359				3,293,359		
Acquisition of capital assets	(62,301)		(140,412)		(5,295,669)		-		(5,498,382)		(231,883)
Sale of capital assets	-		-		-		-		-		10,116
Principal payments on debt	(60,000)		(260,000)		(54,000)		-		(374,000)		-
Interest paid	 (18,885)		(70,400)		(14,734)				(104,019)		
Net cash provided (used) by capital and related											
financing activities	 (141, 186)		(470,812)		(2,071,044)				(2,683,042)		(221,767)
Cash flows from investing activities:											
Interest received	162,246		41,243		123,701		1,819		329,009		12,101
Rent received	26		-		16,883		-		16,909		-
Lease revenue received	 3,382				42,951			_	46,333		
Net cash provided by investing activities	 165,654	_	41,243	_	183,535		1,819		392,251	_	12,101
											4: 4

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

continued

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS, CONTINUED

Year Ended June 30, 2023

		En	iter	prise Funds				
					N	onmajor_		
	Electric Fund	Sewer Fund		Water Fund		Solid Waste Fund	 Total	Internal Service Funds
Net increase (decrease) in cash, cash equivalents and investments	25,689	219,579		(1,051,890)		38,347	(768,275)	201,880
Cash, cash equivalents and investments, beginning of year	 5,611,601	 1,055,060		3,969,275		96,582	10,732,518	808,054
Cash, cash equivalents and investments, end of year	\$ 5,637,290	\$ 1,274,639	\$	2,917,385	\$	134,929	\$ 9,964,243	\$ 1,009,934
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:								
Operating income (loss)	\$ 186,251	\$ 284,573	\$	143,414	\$	44,461	\$ 658,699	\$ 106,241
Adjustments:								
Depreciation	276,853	425,608		360,641		-	1,063,102	233,972
Change in assets and liabilities:								
Utility bills receivable	(13,585)	(13,982)		(14,825)		(2,481)	(44,873)	-
Accounts receivable	395	261		(964)		658	350	-
Due from other funds	(388,090)	(405)		- 5.216		1 507	(388,090)	2 204
Inventory	1,961	(485)		5,316		1,527	8,319 3,877	3,205
Accounts payable Due to other funds	34,991	(8,051)		(18,016) 388,090		(5,047)	388,090	(487
Due to other governments	(1,656)	_		300,070		_	(1,656)	_
Deposits payable	365	_		140		_	505	_
Accrued wages payable	3,573	3,058		3,713		172	10,516	84
Compensated absences	13,258	3,312		1,476		885	18,931	385
Net pension liability and related deferred outflows								
and inflows of resources	(161)	(119)		(161)		(24)	(465)	-

by operating activities

114,155 \$ 694,175 \$

868,824 \$ 40,151 \$ 1,717,305 \$ 343,400

FIDUCIARY FUND

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

June 30, 2023

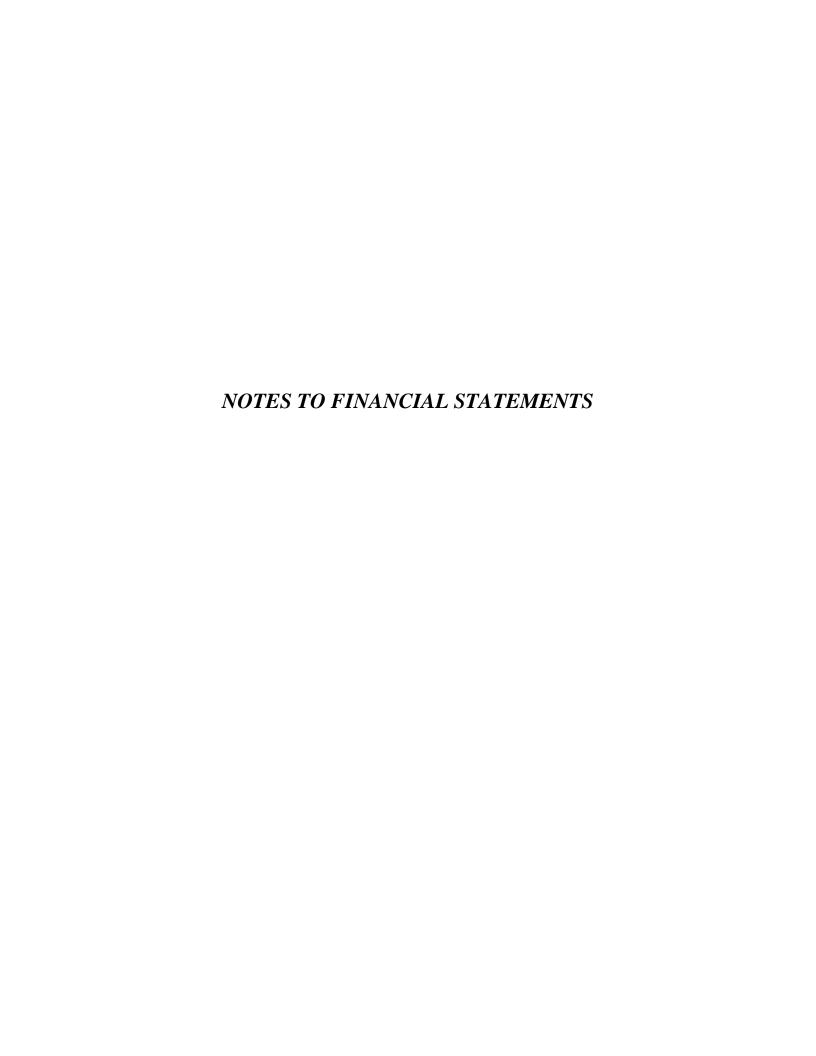
	Custodial Funds								
	Current Tax Collection Fund		Gratiot Downtown Art Banner Project		Bethany Trust		Michigan Public Power Rate Payers Association		Total
Assets:									
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	-	\$	1,042	\$	2,563	\$	14,044	\$ 17,649
Accounts receivable		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		3,426		<u> </u>	 3,426
Total assets		-		1,042		5,989		14,044	 21,075
Liabilities:									
Accounts payable		-		-				-	
Due to other governments		-				5,989			 5,989
Total liabilities		-				5,989			 5,989
Net position:									
Held for other organizations	\$	-	\$	1,042	\$		\$	14,044	\$ 15,086

FIDUCIARY FUND

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION

Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Custodial Funds									
	Current Tax Collection Fund		Gratiot Downtown Art Banner Project		Bethany Trust		Michigan Public Power Rate Payers Association		Total	
Additions:										
Contributions:	Φ.		Φ.	2.200	Ф		Φ.		Ф	2.200
Gifts and bequests	\$	-	\$	3,200	\$	-	\$	-	\$	3,200
Investment earnings: Interest								19		19
Property taxes collected for		-		-		-		19		19
other governments		2,017,032		_		-		-		2,017,032
Utility billings collected for		, ,								, ,
other governments										
Total additions		2,017,032		3,200				19		2,020,251
Deductions:										
Payments on behalf of										
organizations		-		2,585		-		20		2,605
Property taxes paid to other		2.017.022								2.017.022
governments Utility billings paid to other		2,017,032		-		-		-		2,017,032
governments										
Total deductions		2,017,032		2,585				20		2,019,637
Net increase (decrease)		-		615		-		(1)		614
Net position, beginning of year		<u> </u>		427				14,045		14,472
Net position, end of year	\$	-	\$	1,042	\$		\$	14,044	\$	15,086



June 30, 2023

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The following is a summary of the significant accounting policies used by the City of St. Louis, (the "City"):

Reporting Entity:

Located in Gratiot County, Michigan, St. Louis was settled in 1853 along the banks of the Pine River, became a village in 1868, and was incorporated in 1891 as the City of St. Louis. Organized under Michigan's Comprehensive Home Rule City Act, the City of St. Louis is governed by a single ward, four member elected City Council and the Mayor. The Mayor is elected by the City at large and the City Council selects the mayor Pro Tem. The City Manager is appointed by the Council to administer the business of the City. The City of St. Louis provides the following services to approximately 7,400 residents as authorized by its charter: public safety (police), highways and streets, electric, water, sewer, sanitation, recreation, public improvements, zoning, planning and general administrative services.

The accompanying financial statements present the City as the primary government. Component units are separate legal entities for which the City is financially accountable. Blended component units are, in substance, part of the primary government's operations, and presented as funds of the primary government. Discretely presented component units are reported in separate columns in the government-wide financial statements. The City has determined that it has two component units; a blended component unit and a discretely presented component unit.

Blended Component Unit:

Building Authority – The Building Authority is governed by a board that is appointed by the City Council. Although it is legally separate from the City, it is reported as if it were a part of the primary government because its primary purpose is to finance and construct the City's public buildings. The Building Authority is reported as a debt service fund when there is activity. There is no activity in the current year.

Discretely Presented Component Unit:

Downtown Development Authority – The Downtown Development Authority (the "Authority") was created to correct and prevent deterioration in the downtown district, encourage historical preservation, and to promote economic growth within the downtown district. The Authority is comprised of individuals from the management of the City as well as residents who are appointed by the City Council. In addition, the Authority's budget is approved by the City Council. The Authority does not issue any other formal financial statements except as contained in the City's annual financial statements. Detailed information can be obtained by contacting the City Finance Director.

Related Organization:

St. Louis Housing Commission – St. Louis Housing Commission was created under Public Act 18 of 1933. The City is responsible for appointing the members of the Board of Directors of the St. Louis Housing Commission but the City's accountability for this organization does not extend beyond making the appointments. The City does receive an annual amount from the Housing Commission as payment in lieu of taxes (PILT) but receives no other financial benefit. The PILT amount received from the Housing Commission during fiscal year ended June 30, 2023 was \$3,969. Complete financial statements for the Housing Commission's June 30, 2023 year end can be obtained by contacting the Housing Commission, 308 S. Delaware Street, St. Louis, Michigan.

June 30, 2023

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, CONTINUED

Joint Ventures:

Mid-Michigan Community Fire Board District – The Mid-Michigan Community Fire Board District is a joint venture between the City of St. Louis and the Townships of Bethany, Pine River, and Jasper. The governing Board is comprised of five members consisting of one member from each Township and two members from the City. Each unit is responsible for funding its required local contribution to cover operational deficits based on the formula established. The City's operating contribution was \$126,057. The City received \$11,073 for accounting services provided. The provisions of the agreement do not explicitly state equity interest. The financial statements can be obtained at the City of St. Louis administration office.

Gratiot Area Water Authority – The Gratiot Area Water Authority (GAWA) is a joint venture between the City of St. Louis and the City of Alma. The purpose of the Authority is to acquire, own, improve, enlarge, extend and operate those portions of the City of Alma and the City of St. Louis water system which provide water treatment and supply to both cities. The governing board is comprised of six trustees, two appointed from each municipality plus the City Managers of each municipality. Funding of the initial improvements is to be provided by St. Louis and US EPA through terms of a Settlement Agreement related to contamination of the St. Louis City Wells. Ongoing the Authority will establish rates to be charged for wholesale water sold to Alma and St. Louis based on its cost of service. The City received \$13,533 for accounting services provided. The agreement has no stated equity interest provisions. The financial statements can be obtained at the City of St. Louis administration office.

Mid-Michigan Area Cable Communications Consortium — The Mid-Michigan Area Cable Communications Consortium is a joint venture between twelve Mid-Michigan communities with cable franchised agreements granted to Charter Communications. The Consortium is responsible for developing and monitoring the enforcement of the cable ordinance, negotiating and monitoring of cable franchise agreements, and, to the extent permitted by federal law, regulate cable rates. Additionally, the Consortium is responsible for the operation of public education and governmental access channels. Each community is permitted to appoint two members of the governing Board. The City remits 40% of the cable tv franchise fee it receives to the Consortium. For the year ended June 30, 2023, this amounted to \$17,300. The Consortium operates on a calendar year and produces separate financial statements. Per provisions of the agreement, there is no equity interest in the Consortium. Copies of the Mid-Michigan Area Cable Communications Consortium financial statements can be obtained by writing to Operations and Administrative Director, 312 West Michigan Street, Mt. Pleasant, MI 48860.

Gratiot Community Airport Authority – The City is a member of the Gratiot Community Airport Authority which operates the only public airport in Gratiot County. Under MCL 259.621, et. Seq. an agreement to establish the Gratiot Community Airport Authority was entered into on February 18, 2009 and amended on January 30, 2012. The Authority is operated by a six-person board, one member from each member municipality. The City is required to contribute \$4,000 per year. The City of St. Louis has no stated equity interest. The City of Alma maintains the accounting records for the Authority. Copies of the City of Alma financial statements can be obtained by writing to City of Alma, 525 E. Superior, Alma, MI 48801.

St. Louis Ithaca Pine River Transit Authority – The St. Louis Ithaca Pine River Transit Authority (SLIPR) is a joint venture between the City of St. Louis, City of Ithaca, and Pine River Township formed June 2022 under the provisions of Act 196, Public Acts of Michigan, 1986, as amended. The Authority is incorporated for the purpose of providing public transportation services to the residents and businesses of the incorporating units.

June 30, 2023

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, CONTINUED

The governing Board is comprised of three (3) members, one member being appointed by each member unit. SLIPR submitted and passed a 0.96 mill operating millage proposal to the electors in November 2020 which is the sole revenue of the authority. Transportation services are provided by a contract with the City of Alma Transit. The City received \$2,520 for accounting services provided. The entities have no equity interest. The financial statements can be obtained at the City of St. Louis administration office.

Jointly Governed Organization:

Gratiot Area Solid Waste Authority – The City is a member of the Gratiot Area Solid Waste Authority which provides solid waste management services to its members. The Authority negotiates mutually beneficial waste management contracts with third-party service providers. Any local governmental unit under Act 7 of 1967 of the Michigan Public Acts is permitted to become a member of the Authority. Each member has one trustee on the board. No contributions were made to the Authority during the current fiscal year; the City paid for the solid waste services directly to the third-party service provider.

Gratiot County Central Dispatch Authority – The City is a member of Gratiot County Central Dispatch Authority. The Authority provides central dispatch services for police and fire services in Gratiot County. The governing Board is comprised of ten members. The Authority has responsibility for preparing the annual budget, which is approved by Gratiot County, and to carry out all activities of the Authority. The Authority receives funding from telephone surcharge fees and local contributions. A formula has been established to allocate the local contributions. The City made no contribution during the current fiscal year.

Alma SLIPR Transit Joint Administrative Board - The Alma SLIPR Transit Joint Administrative Board consists of the City Managers of the Cities of Ithaca and St. Louis, the Township Supervisor of Pine River Township, and one member appointed by the Alma City Commission. A member at large is appointed by the other four members. The Board is an oversight committee which meets periodically to review the performance of operations, budget and finance matters related to the agreement and provision of transportation services by the City of Alma to Alma and St. Louis Ithaca Pine River Transit Authority customers.

Accounting and Reporting Principles:

The City follows accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applicable to governmental units. Accounting and financial reporting pronouncements are promulgated by the Government Accounting Standards Board.

Report Presentation:

Governmental accounting principles require that financial reports include two different perspectives - the government-wide perspective and the fund-based perspective. The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. The government-wide financial statements are presented on the economic resources measurement focus and the full accrual basis of accounting. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. The statements also present a schedule reconciling these amounts to the modified accrual-based presentation found in the fund-based statements.

June 30, 2023

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, CONTINUED

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenue. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include: (1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided; (2) operating grants and contributions; and (3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenue.

For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Exceptions to this general rule are charges between the City's enterprise functions and various other functions of the City. Eliminations of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are not included in the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Basis of Accounting:

The governmental funds use the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. This basis of accounting is intended to better demonstrate accountability for how the government has spent its resources. Expenditures are reported when the goods are received or the services are rendered. Capital outlays are reported as expenditures (rather than as capital assets) because they reduce the ability to spend resources in the future; conversely, employee benefit costs that will be funded in the future (such as pension and retiree health care related costs, or sick and vacation pay) are not counted until they come due for payment. In addition, debt service expenditures, claims, and judgments are recorded only when payment is due. Revenues are not recognized until they are collected, or collected soon enough after the end of the year that they are available to pay for obligations outstanding at the end of the year. For this purpose, the City considers amounts collected within 60 days of year end to be available for recognition. The following major revenue sources meet the availability criterion: most state-shared revenue, state gas and weight tax revenue, and interest associated with the current fiscal period.

Proprietary funds use the economic resources measurement focus and the full accrual basis of accounting. Revenue is recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

Fund Accounting:

The City accounts for its various activities in several different funds in order to demonstrate accountability for how it has spent certain resources - separate funds allow the City to show the particular expenditures that specific revenues were used for. The various funds are aggregated into two broad fund types:

Governmental funds include all activities that provide general governmental services that are not business-type activities. This includes the General Fund, special revenue funds, debt service funds, capital project funds, and permanent funds. The City reports the following funds as "major" governmental funds:

General Fund is the City's primary operating fund because it accounts for all financial resources used to provide general government services, other than those specifically assigned to another fund.

June 30, 2023

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, CONTINUED

Special Revenue Fund – Public Safety Fund – The Public Safety Fund accounts for a special assessment levy for the purpose of providing public safety.

Proprietary funds include enterprise funds, which provide goods or services to users in exchange for charges or fees. The City reports the following as "major" enterprise funds:

Enterprise Fund – Electric Fund accounts for the operations of the City's electric system.

Enterprise Fund – Sewer Fund accounts for the revenues and expenses for the operation of the City's sewer system.

Enterprise Fund – Water Fund accounts for the revenues and expenses for the operation of the City's water system.

Additionally, the City reports the following fund types:

Special Revenue Funds account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

Capital Projects Funds account for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities by a governmental unit that is not accounted for by proprietary funds and trust funds.

Permanent Fund account for the resources that are legally restricted to the extent that only earnings, and not principal, may be used for the benefit of the government or its citizenry. The City has one permanent fund for cemetery perpetual care.

Nonmajor Enterprise Fund – Solid Waste Fund accounts for revenues and expenses for operations of a garbage and rubbish collection system.

Internal Service Fund – Motor Pool Fund provides vehicle and equipment use to other departments or agencies of the government on a cost reimbursement basis.

Fiduciary Funds – Custodial Funds are used to account for the resources held in a fiduciary capacity. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of the funds are not available to support the City's own programs. Custodial Funds report fiduciary activities that are not required to be reported in trust funds.

Specific Balances and Transactions:

<u>Deposits and Investments</u> – Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, demand deposits, certificates of deposit and short-term investments with a maturity of three months or less when acquired. Investments are stated at fair value. For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the City considers all investments (including restricted assets) to be cash equivalents. The investment policy adopted by the City Council is in accordance with Public Act 20 of 1943, as amended. The City's deposits and investments have been made in accordance with statutory authority.

<u>Inventories</u> – Inventories are valued at cost, on a first-in, first-out basis in the proprietary funds. Inventories of governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when purchased rather than when consumed.

<u>Prepaid Items</u> – Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

June 30, 2023

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, CONTINUED

<u>Capital Assets</u> – Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment and infrastructure assets (e.g., streets, bridges, sidewalks and similar items), are defined by the City as assets with an individual cost in excess of \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Buildings	40-60 years
Building improvements	15-30 years
Equipment	3-10 years
Infrastructure	5-30 years
Water and sewer systems	50-75 years

<u>Long-term Obligations</u> – In the government-wide financial statements and the proprietary fund types fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund-type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method; bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are expensed at the time they are incurred. In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond issuances as an "other financing source," as well as bond premiums and discounts. The General Fund, Electric Fund, Sewer Fund and Water Fund, and debt service funds are generally used to liquidate long-term debt.

<u>Unearned Revenue</u> – Governmental funds defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received but not yet earned.

<u>Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources</u> – In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. For the City, deferred outflows of resources are reported in the government-wide and enterprise statement of net position for pension.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. For the City, deferred inflows of resources include leases. The deferred inflow for leases is related to the leases receivable and is being amortized to leases revenue in a systematic and rational manner over the term of the lease.

<u>Net Position Flow Assumption</u> — Sometimes the City will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted net position and unrestricted net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the City's policy to consider restricted net position to have been depleted before unrestricted net position is applied.

June 30, 2023

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, CONTINUED

<u>Fund Balance Flow Assumption</u> – Sometimes the City will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the City's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

<u>Fund Balance Policies</u> – Fund balance of governmental funds is reported in various categories based on the nature of any limitations requiring the use of resources for specific purposes. The City itself can establish limitations on the use of resources through either a commitment (committed fund balance) or an assignment (assigned fund balance).

The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the City's highest level of decision-making authority. The City Council is the highest level of decision-making authority for the City that can, by adoption of a resolution prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the resolution remains in place until a similar action is taken (the adoption of another resolution) to remove or revise the limitation.

Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the City for specific purposes, but do not meet the criteria to be classified as committed. The City Council has by resolution authorized the City Manager to assign fund balance. The City Council may also assign fund balance as it does when appropriating fund balance to cover a gap between estimated revenue and appropriations in the subsequent year's appropriated budget. Unlike commitments, assignments generally only exist temporarily. In other words, an additional action does not normally have to be taken for the removal of an assignment. Conversely, as discussed above, an additional action is essential to either remove or revise a commitment.

Other classifications of fund balance include: nonspendable fund balance, which are amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact; restricted fund balance, which are amounts that have constraints placed on their use by an external party or constitutional provisions or enabling legislation (grants, contributions, specific fee mandates); and unassigned fund balance, which are amounts that are available for any purpose. The General Fund is the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. However, unassigned balances also include negative balances in other governmental funds.

<u>Property Taxes</u> – Property taxes are levied on each July 1st on the taxable valuation of property as of the preceding December 31st. Taxes are considered delinquent on September 15th, at which time penalties and interest are assessed. Collections of all the taxes and remittances of them to the other taxing authorities are accounted for in an agency fund. The 2022 taxable valuation of the City totaled \$59,715,278 (exclusive of any Michigan Tax Tribunal or Board of Review adjustments). Taxes levied consisted of 13.0548 mills for the City's operating purposes. Additionally, an Act 33 special assessment of 2 mills for public safety is levied on the real property taxable value of \$57,366,932.

June 30, 2023

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, CONTINUED

<u>Compensated Absences (vacation and sick leave)</u> – Sick leave is earned at the rate of 10 hours per month, to be accumulated until a maximum of 500 hours is reached, and is kept to the employees' credit. If at the end of a fiscal year, an employee has accumulated sick leave greater than 500 hours, one-half of the accumulated sick leave in excess of 500 hours is paid to the employee and the remainder is lost. Sick leave is not paid upon termination. Upon retirement, employees hired before December 20, 1994, are entitled to be paid one half (1/2) of any accumulated unused sick leave at the rate of pay prevailing at the time of such retirement. This liability is measured using the vesting method as described in GASB Statement No. 16. Employees receive vacation time on July 1st based on the prior years' service. A maximum of 200 hours can be earned during the prior year. Added to earned vacation time is a maximum of 40 hours carryover of any prior year unused vacation time. Except for a 40-hour carryover, vacation time is to be used within the year received and is paid to employees upon termination.

<u>Pension Costs</u> – The City offered a defined benefit pension plan to its employees which closed to new employees after June 30, 1999. The City records a net pension liability for the difference between the total pension liability calculated by the actuary and the pension plan's fiduciary net position. For the purpose of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the pension plan and additions to/deductions from the pension plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pension plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

<u>Proprietary Funds Operating Classification</u> – Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the proprietary funds are charges to customers for sales and services. The proprietary funds recognize as nonoperating revenues rental income and investment income. Operating expenses for proprietary funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All expenses not included in these classifications are reported as nonoperating expenses.

<u>Leases</u> – The City is a lessor for noncancelable leases of City-owned assets and a lessee for noncancelable leases for right-to-use assets. As a lessor, the City recognizes a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources at the commencement of the lease term. The lease receivable is measured at the present value of lease payments expected to be received during the lease term. The deferred inflow of resources is measured at the value of the lease receivable. Interest revenue on the lease receivable and an inflow of resources (for example, revenue) from the deferred inflows of resources is recognized in a systematic and rational manner over the term of the lease.

As a lessee, the City recognizes a lease liability and a lease asset at the commencement of the lease term. The lease liability is measured at the present value of payments expected to be made during the lease. The lease asset is measured at the amount of the initial measurement of the lease liability. The City reduces the lease liability as payments are made and recognizes an outflow of resources (for example, expense) for interest on the liability. The City amortizes the lease asset in a systematic and rational manner over the lease term.

June 30, 2023

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES, CONTINUED

Use of Estimates:

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Interfund Activity:

During the course of operations, the City has activity between funds for various purposes. Any residual balances outstanding at year end are reported as due from/to other funds and advances to/from other funds. While these balances are reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Balances between the funds included in governmental activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as internal balances in the governmental activities' column. Further, certain activity occurs during the year involving transfers of resources between funds. In fund financial statements, these amounts are reported at gross amounts as transfers in/out. While reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements.

NOTE 2: STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Budgetary Information:

Annual budgets for all governmental funds are adopted in compliance with Michigan Law. The budgets are prepared on the modified accrual basis, which is consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. The budget document presents information by fund, function, department or activity, and line items. The legal level of budgetary control adopted by the governing body is the function level for the general fund and special revenue funds. The City does not formally record encumbrances in the accounting records during the year as a normal practice. Appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal year and amounts are reappropriated for expenditures to be incurred in the next fiscal year.

Excess of Expenditures over Appropriations in Budgeted Funds:

During the year, the City did not incur expenditures in excess of the amounts budgeted.

State Construction Code Act:

The City oversees building construction, in accordance with the State's Construction Code Act, including inspection of building construction and renovation to ensure compliance with the building codes. The City charges fees for these services. The law requires that collection of these fees be used only for construction code costs, including an allocation of estimated overhead costs. A summary of the current year activity and the cumulative surplus generated since January 1, 2000, reported in the General Fund, is as follows:

Cumulative surplus at July 1, 2022	\$ -
Current year building permit revenue	16,082
Related expenses:	
Direct costs	 96,213
Cumulative surplus at June 30, 2023	\$

June 30, 2023

NOTE 3: DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Michigan Compiled Laws Section 129.91 (Public Act 20 of 1943, as amended) authorizes local governmental units to make deposits and invest in the accounts of federally insured banks, credit unions, and savings and loan associations that have offices in Michigan. The local unit is allowed to invest in bonds, securities, and other direct obligations of the United States or any agency of instrumentality of the United States; repurchase agreements; bankers' acceptances of United States banks; commercial paper rated within the two highest classifications, which matures not more than 270 days after the date of purchase; obligations of the State of Michigan or its political subdivisions, which are rated as investment grade; and mutual funds composed of investment vehicles that are legal for direct investment by local units of government in Michigan.

Summary of Deposit and Investment Balances:

The following is a reconciliation of deposit and investment balances as of June 30, 2023:

Statement	of	Net	P	osition:
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Cash and cash equivalents (including restricted):		
Primary Government	\$	7,717,953
Component Unit		134,273
Investments (including restricted):		
Primary Government		9,383,303
Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities:		
Cash and cash equivalents:		
Custodial Fund		17,649
Total	\$	17,253,178
Deposits and Investments:		
Bank deposits	\$	7,869,582
Investments:		
Pooled investments - Michigan CLASS		9,383,303
Cash on hand	_	293
Total	\$	17,253,178

Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits – Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned. State law does not require and the City does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. At year end, the City held \$7,918,846 of bank deposits (certificates of deposit, checking and savings) of which \$7,199,211 was exposed to custodial credit risk because they were uninsured and uncollateralized. The City's investment policy does not specifically address this risk, although the City believes that due to the dollar amounts of cash deposits and the limits of FDIC insurance, it is impractical to insure all bank deposits. As a result, the City evaluates each financial institution with which it deposits funds and assesses the level of risk of each institution; only those with an acceptable risk level are used for depositories.

Interest Rate Risk – Investments – Interest rate risk is the risk that the value of fixed income investments will decrease as a result of a rise in interest rates. State law limits the allowable investments and the maturities of some of the allowable investments. The City's investment policy does not have specific limits in excess of state law on investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. At year end, the average maturities of fixed income security investments are as follows:

June 30, 2023

NOTE 3: DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS, CONTINUED

	Market	Less than
Investment Type	Value	1 Year
Pooled investments - Michigan CLASS	\$ 9,383,303	\$ 9,383,303

Credit Risk – Investments – State law limits investments to specific government securities, certificates of deposit and bank accounts with qualified financial institutions, commercial paper with specific maximum maturities and ratings when purchased, bankers acceptances of specific financial institutions, qualified mutual funds and qualified external investment pools. The City's investment policy does not have specific limits in excess of state law on investment credit risk. At year end, the credit quality ratings of fixed income securities are as follow:

	Market		Rating
Investment Type	Value	Rating	Organization
Pooled investments - Michigan CLASS	\$ 9,383,303	AAAm	S&P

Custodial Credit Risk – Investments – For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. State law does not require and the City does not have a policy for investment custodial credit risk. At year end, none of the City's investments were subject to custodial credit risk due to one of the following: 1) Investments were part of an insured pool; 2) Investments were book-entry only in the name of the City and were fully insured; 3) Investments were part of a mutual fund; or 4) Investments were held by an agent in the City's name.

NOTE 4: FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

Fair Value Measurements – The City categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the assets. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observables inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

The City has \$9,383,303 invested with the Michigan Cooperative Liquid Assets Security System (Michigan CLASS). Michigan CLASS is a participant-controlled trust created in accordance with Section 5 of Act 7 of the Urban Cooperation Act of 1967 and the Local Government Investment Pool Act, 1985 PA 121, MCL 129.141 to 129.150. Michigan CLASS funds are authorized to invest in U.S. Treasuries, U.S. Agencies, commercial paper, bankers' acceptances, repurchase agreements, certificates of deposit, and mutual funds. Michigan CLASS is not subject to regulatory oversight and is not registered with the SEC, however, does issue a separate audited financial statement. Michigan CLASS operates like a money market mutual fund, with each share valued at \$1.00. Fair value of the City's position in the government investment pool is the same as the value of the Michigan CLASS pool shares.

Michigan CLASS (money market mutual fund) is recorded at amortized cost, which approximates fair value and these funds are not subject to the fair value disclosures under Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 72. The funds do not require notification of redemptions.

June 30, 2023

NOTE 5: RESTRICTED ASSETS AND BOND RESERVES

There are a number of limitations and restrictions contained in the various bond indentures, including requirements to maintain certain restricted assets. The City is in compliance with all significant provisions of the bond indentures. The City Charter also requires utility replacement reserves.

	Electric Fund		Sewer Fund	Water Fund	Total	
Restricted cash and cash equivalents:						
Debt service	\$	32,109	\$ 104,336	\$ 47,500	\$ 183,945	
Replacement/Improvements		761,124	-	234,418	995,542	
Restricted investments:						
Debt service		123,742	310,767	-	434,509	
Replacement/Improvements		3,874,934	 350,126	2,541,255	 6,766,315	
	\$	4,791,909	\$ 765,229	\$ 2,823,173	\$ 8,380,311	

In accordance with the City Charter, a reserve fund shall be created and maintained for each utility to provide for the replacement of old utility plant equipment and the purchase of additional utility plant equipment. A fund balance equal to 10% of the replacement cost of utility plant equipment shall be maintained for each utility.

NOTE 6: CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets activity for the year ended June 30, 2023 was as follows:

	Restated July 1, 2022		July 1,		July 1,		tirements		June 30, 2023
\$	2,329,569	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,329,569		
	65,256	_	109,058				174,314		
	2,394,825		109,058		-	_	2,503,883		
	4,944,587		23,042		(56,884)		4,910,745		
	4,055,747		153,929		(772,648)		3,437,028		
	2,816,990		-		-		2,816,990		
	24,738,724		257,320		-		24,996,044		
	1,163,351		-		-		1,163,351		
	24,462		20,967			_	45,429		
	37,743,861	_	455,258		(829,532)	_	37,369,587		
		\$ 2,329,569 65,256 2,394,825 4,944,587 4,055,747 2,816,990 24,738,724 1,163,351 24,462	\$ 2,329,569 \$ 65,256	July 1, Additions \$ 2,329,569 \$ - 65,256 109,058 2,394,825 109,058 4,944,587 23,042 4,055,747 153,929 2,816,990 - 24,738,724 257,320 1,163,351 - 24,462 20,967	July 1, Additions Ref \$ 2,329,569 - \$ 65,256 109,058 2,394,825 109,058 4,944,587 23,042 4,055,747 153,929 2,816,990 - 24,738,724 257,320 1,163,351 - 24,462 20,967	July 1, Additions Retirements \$ 2,329,569 \$ - \$ - 65,256 109,058 - 2,394,825 109,058 - 4,944,587 23,042 (56,884) 4,055,747 153,929 (772,648) 2,816,990 - - 24,738,724 257,320 - 1,163,351 - - 24,462 20,967 -	July 1, Additions Retirements \$ 2,329,569 - \$ - \$ 65,256 109,058 - - 2,394,825 109,058 - - 4,944,587 23,042 (56,884) 4,055,747 153,929 (772,648) 2,816,990 - - 24,738,724 257,320 - 1,163,351 - - 24,462 20,967 -		

continued

June 30, 2023

NOTE 6: CAPITAL ASSETS, CONTINUED

	Restated July 1, 2022	Additions	Retirements	June 30, 2023
Less accumulated depreciation and amortization for:				
Buildings and improvements	(1,656,058)	(153,993)	23,600	(1,786,451)
Equipment and vehicles	(2,664,583)	(262,909)	791,820	(2,135,672)
Infrastructure - storm sewer	(2,633,393)	(5,981)	-	(2,639,374)
Infrastructure - streets	(21,044,482)	(277,441)	-	(21,321,923)
Infrastructure - sidewalks	(947,181)	(12,569)	-	(959,750)
Lease right-to-use assets - office equipment	(690)	(8,804)	-	(9,494)
Alated demonstration and				
Accumulated depreciation and amortization	(28,946,387)	(721,697)	815,420	(28,852,664)
Capital assets being depreciated, net	8,797,474	(266,439)	(14,112)	8,516,923
Governmental activities, capital assets, net	\$ 11,192,299	\$ (157,381)	\$ (14,112)	\$ 11,020,806
Business-type activities: Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 966,863	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 966,863
Construction in progress	1,455,555	6,403,095		7,858,650
Capital assets not being depreciated	2,422,418	6,403,095		8,825,513
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Buildings and improvements	1,164,976	-	-	1,164,976
Equipment	579,538	16,989	(64,222)	532,305
Electric system	12,734,896	37,075	-	12,771,971
Sewer system	19,566,911	-	-	19,566,911
Water system	18,193,625	6,130		18,199,755
Capital assets being depreciated	52,239,946	60,194	(64,222)	52,235,918
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings and improvements	(1,000,130)	(15,854)	-	(1,015,984)
Equipment	(357,251)	(51,102)	64,222	(344,131)
Electric system	(7,771,971)	(224,446)	-	(7,996,417)
Sewer system	(9,189,360)	(418,175)	-	(9,607,535)
Water system	(8,633,819)	(353,525)		(8,987,344)
Accumulated depreciation	(26,952,531)	(1,063,102)	64,222	(27,951,411)
Capital assets being depreciated, net	25,287,415	(1,002,908)		24,284,507
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$ 27,709,833	\$ 5,400,187	\$ -	\$ 33,110,020

Restated July 1, 2022 – Reclassifications were made between categories of assets and accumulated depreciation; however, the beginning total balances were not restated.

June 30, 2023

NOTE 6: CAPITAL ASSETS, CONTINUED

Depreciation expense was charged to various functions as follows:

	Governmental <u>Activities</u>			siness-type Activities
General government	\$	97,625	\$	-
Public safety		14,726		-
Public works		302,191		-
Recreation and culture		73,183		-
Electric		-		276,853
Sewer		-		425,608
Water		-		360,641
Internal Service Fund		233,972		
	\$	721,697	\$	1,063,102

NOTE 7: LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

The City may issue bonds, notes, and other contractual commitments to provide for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities and the acquisition of certain equipment. General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the City. Revenue bonds involve a pledge of specific income derived from the acquired or constructed assets to pay debt service.

Long-term obligation activity for the year ended June 30, 2023 is summarized as follows:

	July 1, 2022	A	dditions_	<u>(R</u>	eductions)		June 30, 2023		Due Within ne Year
Governmental activities:									
Leases payable:									
Office equipment	\$ 23,766	\$	20,922	\$	(8,422)	\$	36,266	\$	10,015
Direct placements:									
2014 Capital Improvement Bond	1,453,000		-		(24,000)		1,429,000		25,000
Other liabilities:									
Compensated absences payable	 105,706		89,661		(88,304)	_	107,063	_	89,742
Total governmental activities	\$ 1,582,472	\$	110,583	\$	(120,726)	\$	1,572,329	\$	124,757
Business-type Activities:									
Direct placements:									
2013 Water Supply and Sewage									
Disposal Revenue Bond	\$ 3,520,000	\$	-	\$	(260,000)	\$	3,260,000	\$	270,000
2015 Electric Revenue Bonds	630,000		-		(60,000)		570,000		65,000
2020 Water Supply and Sewage									
Disposal System Revenue Bond	847,000		-		(54,000)		793,000		56,000
Other liabilities:									
Compensated absences payable	 122,299		112,888		(93,957)		141,230		108,398
Total business-type activities	\$ 5,119,299	\$	112,888	\$	(467,957)	\$	4,764,230	\$	499,398

June 30, 2023

NOTE 7: LONG-TERM LIABILITIES, CONTINUED

Debt issues outstanding for the City as of June 30, 2023 are as follows:

	Maturity				,	Amount
	Date	<u>Ori</u>	Original Issue Interest Rate		Oı	utstanding
Governmental activities:						
Leases payable:						
Police copier	2028	\$	5,468	2.50%	\$	4,602
City hall copier/2 printers	2028		18,995	2.50%		14,955
City hall mail meter and folder	2026		20,694	2.50%		16,709
Direct placements:						
2014 Capital Improvement Bond	2055		1,600,000	3.50%		1,429,000
Business-type Activities:						
Direct placements:						
2013 Water Supply and Sewage						
Disposal Revenue Bond	2034		5,445,000	2.00%		3,260,000
2015 Electric Revenue Bonds	2031		950,000	2.50-3.55%		570,000
2020 Water Supply and Sewage						
Disposal System Revenue Bond	2035		950,000	1.59-1.87%		793,000
Business-type Activities: Direct placements: 2013 Water Supply and Sewage Disposal Revenue Bond 2015 Electric Revenue Bonds 2020 Water Supply and Sewage	2034 2031		5,445,000 950,000	2.00% 2.50-3.55%		3,260,000 570,000

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the direct placements for the year ended June 30, 2023 are as follows:

Fiscal		Gove	ernn	nental Activi	ties			Bus	ines	ss-type Activi	ities	
Year Ended		D	irec	t Placements	lacements			Direct Placement			ts	
June 30,	_1	Principal		Interest	_	Total		Principal		Interest		Total
2024	\$	25,000	\$	49,578	\$	74,578	\$	391,000	\$	96,474	\$	487,474
2025		26,000		48,685		74,685		397,000		88,478		485,478
2026		27,000		47,758		74,758		404,000		80,179		484,179
2027		28,000		46,796		74,796		416,000		71,504		487,504
2028		29,000		45,798		74,798		423,000		62,476		485,476
2029-2033		160,000		212,802		372,802		2,115,000		171,798		2,286,798
2034-2038		188,000		182,458		370,458		477,000		10,782		487,782
2039-2043		224,000		146,476		370,476		-		-		-
2044-2048		265,000		103,865		368,865		-		-		-
2049-2053		315,000		53,115		368,115		-		-		-
2054-2055		142,000		5,005	_	147,005	_				_	-
	\$	1,429,000	\$	942,336	\$	2,371,336	\$	4,623,000	\$	581,691	\$	5,204,691

Leases Payable - \$45,429 has been recorded as lease right-to-use assets in the Governmental Activities capital assets. Due to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 87, these leases for office equipment met the criteria of a lease; thus, requiring it to be recorded by the City. The assets will be amortized over the lease term and the City is not taking ownership of the office equipment.

A summary of the principal and interest amounts for the remaining lease is as follows:

June 30, 2023

NOTE 7: LONG-TERM LIABILITIES, CONTINUED

Fiscal	Governmental Activities									
Year Ended Leases Payable						ıyable				
June 30,	Principal			Interest	Total					
2024	\$	10,015	\$	804	\$	10,819				
2025		10,269		550		10,819				
2026		10,526		293		10,819				
2027		4,941		80		5,021				
2028		515		2		517				
	\$	36,266	\$	1,729	\$	37,995				

NOTE 8: INTERFUND BALANCES AND TRANSFERS

The composition of interfund receivable and payable at June 30, 2023 is as follows:

Interfund Receivable	Interfund Payable	A	mount	
Electric Fund	Water Fund	\$	388,090	

Management anticipates the individual interfund balances will be repaid as cash flow permits.

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires or allows to expend them, (2) move receipts restricted to debt service from the funds collecting the receipts to the debt service fund as debt service payments become due, and (3) use unrestricted revenues collected in the various funds to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

Transfers during the current fiscal year were as follows:

Funds Transferred From	Funds Transferred From Funds Transferred To		Amount		
General Fund	Public Safety Fund	\$	912,767		
Major Street Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Fund Local Street Fund		142,374		
Public Safety Fund	Internal Service Fund Police Equipment Fund		65,000		
Electric Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Fund Public Improvement Fund		116,145		
Sewer Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Fund Public Improvement Fund		45,027		
Water Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Fund Public Improvement Fund		46,747		
Solid Waste Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Fund Public Improvement Fund		10,485		
		<u>\$</u>	1,338,545		

June 30, 2023

NOTE 9: DISAGGREGATED RECEIVABLE AND PAYABLE BALANCES

	Primary Government							
	Gov	ernmental	Bu	isiness-type			Co	mponent
	A	ctivities		Activities	_	Total		Unit
Receivables:								
Property taxes	\$	6,483	\$	-	\$	6,483	\$	-
Utility bills		-		1,079,400		1,079,400		-
Accounts		21,674		16,476		38,150		-
Accrued interest		26		482		508		-
Intergovernmental		251,961		2,387,341		2,639,302		-
Leases			_	150,783	_	150,783		15,168
Total receivables	\$	280,144	\$	3,634,482	\$	3,914,626	\$	15,168
Accounts payable and accrued expenses:								
Accounts	\$	270,168	\$	1,709,138	\$	1,979,306	\$	2,536
Payroll liabilities		40,042		32,004		72,046		-
Deposits payable		500		39,225		39,725		-
Accrued interest		16,770		21,648		38,418		-
Intergovernmental		3,730		1,755	-	5,485		
Total accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$	331,210	\$	1,803,770	\$	2,134,980	\$	2,536

NOTE 10: RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to property loss, torts, errors and omissions and employee injuries (worker's compensation), as well as medical benefits provided to employees. The City manages risk through the purchase of commercial insurance. There was no change in coverage from the prior year. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded insurance coverage in any of the past three years.

Liability, vehicle physical damage and property and crime — The City is a member of the Michigan Municipal Liability and Property Pool, which is an association organized to purchase commercial insurance for protection against loss for Michigan cities, counties, townships and special service governments. The City is insured up to the following limits: Liability - \$5,000,000, vehicle physical damage - \$5,000,000 and property and crime - \$5,000,000, subject to deductibles of \$1,000, \$100-\$250 and \$5,000, respectively. When a claim is incurred and/or paid, the member's loss contribution account is charged or credited according to the member's actual loss experience; no obligation is credited for another member's losses. If contributions are in excess of actual expenses and reserves, future contributions are increased. Should any member have more losses paid on their behalf than contributions covering such losses, credit is extended within the association joint loss fund; such a deficit is repaid by the member in future contributions. The Plan does not maintain separate funds for members and consequently the City's share of total assets and total equity is unknown. Audited financial statements of the Plan are available.

Worker's compensation – The City purchases coverage through the Michigan Municipal Workers' Compensation Fund. The Fund is authorized by State law to provide its members with coverage required by the Workers' Disability Compensation Act. Claims are subject to a maximum limit of \$500,000 per occurrence.

June 30, 2023

NOTE 11: EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT BENEFIT COMMITMENTS

The City has two employee pension plans: a Defined Contribution Plan and a Defined Benefit Plan (closed to all new hires beginning July 1, 1999), both administered by the MERS Retirement Board, of the Municipal Employee's Retirement System of Michigan (MERS).

Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Municipal Employees' Retirement System of Michigan):

Pensions – For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, if any, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Municipal Employees Retirement System (MERS) of Michigan and additions to/deductions from MERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by MERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Plan Description – The employer's defined benefit pension plan provides certain retirement, disability and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. The employer participates in the Municipal Employees Retirement System (MERS) of Michigan. MERS is an agent multiple-employer, statewide public employee pension plan established by the Michigan Legislature under Public Act 135 of 1945 and administered by a nine-member Retirement Board. MERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. This report may be obtained accessing the MERS website at www.mersofmich.com.

Benefits Provided – The following are the benefits provided from the December 31, 2022 valuation. All divisions are closed to new hires.

General NonUnion

Police & Fire

	General NonUnion	Touce & Fire
Benefit Multiplier:	2.50% Multiplier (80% Max)	2.25% Multiplier (80% Max)
Normal Retirement Age:	60	60
Vesting:	6 years	6 years
Early Retirement (Unreduced):	55/25	55/25
Early Retirement (Reduced):	50/25	50/25
	55/15	55/15
Final Average Compensation:	5 years	5 years
Employee Contributions:	4.88%	0.53%
DC Plan for New Hires:	6/15/1998	1/1/2000
Act 88:	Yes (Adopted 11/18/1970)	Yes (Adopted 11/18/1970)
	City Manager	Electric Union
Benefit Multiplier:	2.50% Multiplier (80% Max)	2.50% Multiplier (80% Max)
Benefit Multiplier: Normal Retirement Age:	2.50% Multiplier (80% Max) 60	2.50% Multiplier (80% Max) 60
<u> •</u>	60	60
Normal Retirement Age:	•	•
Normal Retirement Age: Vesting:	60 6 years	60 6 years
Normal Retirement Age: Vesting: Early Retirement (Unreduced):	60 6 years 55/15	60 6 years 55/25
Normal Retirement Age: Vesting: Early Retirement (Unreduced):	60 6 years 55/15	60 6 years 55/25 50/25
Normal Retirement Age: Vesting: Early Retirement (Unreduced): Early Retirement (Reduced):	60 6 years 55/15 50/25	60 6 years 55/25 50/25 55/15
Normal Retirement Age: Vesting: Early Retirement (Unreduced): Early Retirement (Reduced): Final Average Compensation:	60 6 years 55/15 50/25 3 years	60 6 years 55/25 50/25 55/15
Normal Retirement Age: Vesting: Early Retirement (Unreduced): Early Retirement (Reduced): Final Average Compensation: COLA for Future Retirees:	60 6 years 55/15 50/25 3 years 2.50% (Non-Compound)	60 6 years 55/25 50/25 55/15 5 years

June 30, 2023

NOTE 11: EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT BENEFIT COMMITMENTS, CONTINUED

Employees covered by benefit terms – At the December 31, 2022 valuation date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	27
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits (including refunds)	3
Active employees	3
Total	33

Contributions – Article 9, Section 24 of the State of Michigan constitution requires that financial benefits arising on account of employee service rendered in each year be funded during that year. Accordingly, MERS retains an independent actuary to determine the annual contribution. The City is required to contribute amounts at least equal to the actuarially determined rate, as established by the MERS Retirement Board. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the cost of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The City may establish contribution rates to be paid by its covered employees. All divisions are closed to new employees. The annual City minimum required contributions (no phase-in), for the current year, were \$25,488 for General NonUnion, \$27,444 Police & Fire, \$42,900 City Manager, and \$1,656 Electric Union. These amounts are equal to the actuarially determined contribution based on the valuation payroll from the December 31, 2020 actuarial valuation.

Net Pension Liability – The City's net pension liability reported at June 30, 2023 was measured as of December 31, 2022, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of that date.

Actuarial assumptions – The total pension liability in the December 31, 2022 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement: Inflation: 2.50%; Salary Increases: 3.00% in the long-term; Investment rate of return: 7.00%, net of investment and administrative expenses including inflation.

Although no specific price inflation assumptions are needed for the valuation, the 3.00% long-term wage inflation assumption would be consistent with a price inflation of 3%-4%. Mortality rates used were based on a version of Pub-2010 and fully generational MP-2020.

The actuarial assumptions used in the valuation were based on the results of the most recent actuarial experience study of 2014-2019.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a model method in which the best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of investment and administrative expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-term Expected Gross Return	Long-term Expected Gross Return Contribution	Inflation Assumption	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Global Equity	60.0%	7.00%	4.20%	2.50%	2.70%
Global Fixed Income	20.0%	4.50%	0.90%	2.50%	0.40%
Private Investments	20.0%	9.50%	1.90%	2.50%	1.40%
Total	100.0%		7.00%		4.50%

June 30, 2023

NOTE 11: EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT BENEFIT COMMITMENTS, CONTINUED

Discount rate – The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability is 7.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that City and employee contributions will be made at the rates agreed upon for employees and the actuarially determined rates for the City. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to pay all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Changes in net pension liability during the measurement year were as follows:

	Increase (Decrease)					
		Total Pension Liability		Plan Fiduciary Jet Position		Net Pension Liability
Balances at 12/31/21 Service cost Interest on total pension liability Difference between expected and actual experience Employer contributions Employee contributions Net investment income (loss) Benefit payments, including employee refunds Administrative expenses	\$	8,113,237 25,833 565,501 49,632 - - (652,278)	\$	8,097,455 - 369,552 8,237 (843,977) (652,278) (14,837)	\$	15,782 25,833 565,501 49,632 (369,552) (8,237) 843,977 - 14,837
Net changes Balances at 12/31/22	¢	(11,312)	¢	(1,133,303)	\$	1,121,991
The net pension liability is recorded as follows: Governmental activities Business-type activities	<u>\$</u>	8,101,925	<u>\$</u>	6,964,152	\$	1,137,773 165,881 971,892
					\$	1,137,773

Sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate – The following presents the change in net pension liability of the City, calculated using the discount rate of 7.25%, as well as what the City's net pension liability would be using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (6.25%) or 1 percentage point higher (8.25%) than the current rate.

	1% Decrease Rate 6.25%		Current Rate 7.25%		1%	o Increase
					Ro	te 8.25%
Change in net pension liability as of 12/31/22	\$	732,848	\$	_	\$	(633,596)

Note: The current discount rate shown for GASB 68 purposes is higher than the MERS assumed rate of return. This is because for GASB purposes, the discount rate must be gross of administrative expenses, whereas for funding purposes, it is net of administrative expenses.

June 30, 2023

NOTE 11: EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT BENEFIT COMMITMENTS, CONTINUED

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions – For the year ended June 30, 2023; the City recognized pension expense, on the defined benefit plan, of \$276,892. The City reported deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources			Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	\$	662,508	\$	-		
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	\$	138,744 801,252	\$			

The deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources are recorded as follows:

	Deferred Outflows of <u>Resources</u>	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Governmental activities Business-type activities	\$ 163,423 637,829	\$ - -
	\$ 801,252	\$ -

Amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows. These amounts are exclusive of the employer contributions to the plan made subsequent to the measurement date (\$138,744), which will impact the net pension liability in fiscal year 2024, rather than pension expense.

Year						
Ended	Amount					
2024	\$	60,720				
2025		125,357				
2026		192,321				
2027		284,110				

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position – Detailed information about the plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued financial report found at www.mersofmichigan.com. The plan's fiduciary net position has been determined on the same basis used by the plan. The plan uses the economic resources measurement focus and the full accrual basis of accounting. Investments are stated at fair value. Contribution revenue is recorded as contributions are due, pursuant to legal requirements. Benefit payments and refunds of employee contributions are recognized as expense when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms.

June 30, 2023

NOTE 11: EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT BENEFIT COMMITMENTS, CONTINUED

Defined Contribution Pension Plan (Municipal Employees' Retirement System of Michigan):

Beginning July 1, 1999, all new hires are eligible to participate in the Defined Contribution Money Purchase Plan. This is the only pension plan available to new hires after that date. The plan is a single employer defined contribution pension plan, established by the City and administered by MERS Retirement Board. The City's contribution is 8% of each participant's wages for the plan year contingent upon the participant electing to contribute 3% of earnings. The participants' contributions are immediately 100% vested and the City's contributions are vested over a five-year period. Employer contributions for the plan were \$161,774 for the year ended June 30, 2023. Employee contributions for the plan were \$60,665 for the year ended June 30, 2023. Plan provisions and contribution requirements are established and may be amended by the City Council. Nonvested employer contributions are forfeited upon termination of employment. Such forfeitures are used to cover future employer contributions, be directed to the employer's plan, or be equally distributed among all remaining active participants in the plan. For the year ended June 30, 2023, forfeitures reduced the City's expense by \$8,300.

NOTE 12: CONSTRUCTION COMMITMENTS

The City has construction contracts for projects in process within the City. As of June 30, 2023, the City had outstanding work to be completed on construction contracts as shown below:

	Construction <u>Commitments</u>
M-46 Watermain	\$ 55,052
Orchard Hills Watermain	1,293,467
Water Supply Replacement Project	
Well #12	327,492
	\$ 1,676,011

NOTE 13: TAX ABATEMENTS

Industrial Facilities Exemption:

The City has entered into property tax abatement agreements with local businesses under the Plant Rehabilitation and Industrial Development Districts Act, (known as the Industrial Facilities Exemption (IFE)) PA 198 of 1974, as amended. PA 198 of 1974, as amended is designed to maintain existing jobs and create new job opportunities for residents by providing substantial property tax incentives to industry to renovate and expand aging manufacturing plants or to build new plants. An IFE certificate entitles the facility to exemption from ad valorem real and/or personal property taxes for a term of 1-12 years as determined by the City. This is computed at half the local property tax millage rate. This amounts to a reduction in property taxes of approximately 50%.

The City Council evaluates all PA 198 applications to determine that a good public purpose for the City would be served, that is, an economic growth, expanded tax base, and job creation. The City has the right to revoke the exemption and the recipient would be responsible to pay to the affecting taxing units an amount equal to those taxes it would have paid had the abatement not been in effect if the recipient is determined to be in violation of the provisions of the written agreement, such as insufficient job creation and/or investment. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, there was \$17,651 of City property tax revenue abated under this program.

June 30, 2023

NOTE 13: TAX ABATEMENTS, CONTINUED

Gratiot County Brownfield Redevelopment Authority Abatements:

The City receives reduced property tax revenues as a result of Brownfield Redevelopment Agreements under PA 381 of 1996, as amended, granted by Gratiot County. These agreements are intended to reimburse taxpayers that remediate environmental contamination on their properties. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023 there was \$1,929 of City property tax revenue abated under this program.

NOTE 15: LEASES RECEIVABLE

The City has entered into several agreements as a lessor. In addition, the Downtown Development Authority (DDA) has entered into one agreement as a lessor.

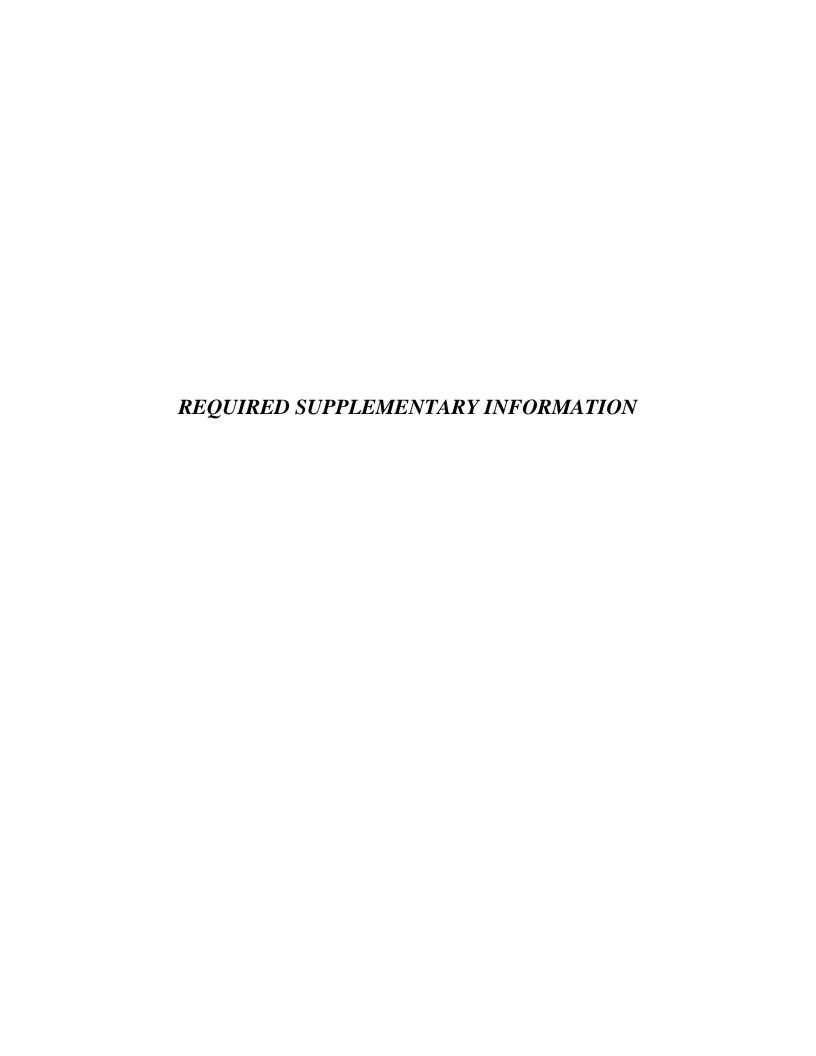
The City's Electric Fund entered into a ten-year pole occupancy lease agreement in May 2014 with an automatic ten (10) year renewal through August 2033. Based on this agreement, the City is receiving annual payments of \$2,872. The lease receivable reported is \$27,328 at June 30, 2023. For year end, the City reported lease revenue of \$2,427 and interest revenue of \$737 related to lease payments received.

The City's Electric Fund entered into a ten-year pole occupancy lease agreement in August 2018 with no renewal options. Based on this agreement, the City is receiving annual payments of \$509 through August 2026. The lease receivable reported is \$1,913 at June 30, 2023. For year end, the City reported lease revenue of \$467 and interest revenue of \$58 related to lease payments received.

The City's Water Fund entered into a five-year water tower space lease agreement originally in 1998 with extension agreements for five years through August 2023 with no additional renewal options. Based on this agreement, the City is receiving monthly payments of \$1,779 to \$1,850, increasing 3% each subsequent year. The lease receivable reported is \$3,689 at June 30, 2023. For year end, the City reported lease revenue of \$21,075 and interest revenue of \$388 related to lease payments received.

The City's Water Fund entered into a five-year water tower space lease agreement in December 2021 with four auto renewals of five years each through December 2028. Based on this agreement, the City is receiving monthly payments of \$1,711 to \$1,762, increasing 3% each subsequent year. The City is reporting a lease receivable of \$117,853 at June 30, 2023. For year end, the City reported lease revenue of \$20,296 and interest revenue of \$3,189 related to lease payments received.

The Downtown Development Authority (DDA) entered into two-year building lease agreement originally in 2009 with seven auto renewals of two years each through September 2025. Based on this agreement, the City is receiving monthly payments of \$555, increasing 5% each subsequent year. The lease receivable reported is \$15,168 at June 30, 2023. For year end, the DDA reported lease revenue of \$6,423 and interest revenue of \$463 related to lease payments received.



SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN CITY'S NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

		2022	2021		2020	2019		2018
Service cost	\$	25,833	\$ 21,467	\$	28,733	\$ 27,449	\$	26,371
Interest on total pension liability		565,501	574,207		563,762	575,965		593,370
Changes in benefit terms		-	-		-	-		-
Difference between expected and								
actual experience		49,632	51,435		(36,769)	(2,393)		(219,932)
Changes in assumptions		-	235,660		205,704	230,181		-
Benefit payments, including								
employee refunds		(652,278)	(628,322)		(612,390)	(614,601)		(621,215)
Other changes	_		 2	_	-	 	_	
Net change in total pension liability		(11,312)	254,449		149,040	216,601		(221,406)
Total pension liability - beginning		8,113,237	 7,858,788		7,709,748	 7,493,147		7,714,553
Total pension liability - ending	\$	8,101,925	\$ 8,113,237	\$	7,858,788	\$ 7,709,748	\$	7,493,147
Plan fiduciary net position								
Contributions - employer	\$	369,552	\$ 657,862	\$	502,854	\$ 456,066	\$	432,552
Contributions - employee		8,237	10,141		10,986	10,633		10,234
Net investment income (loss)		(843,977)	997,474		814,598	776,959		(238,958)
Benefit payments, including								
employee refunds		(652,278)	(628,322)		(612,390)	(614,601)		(621,215)
Administrative expenses	_	(14,837)	 (11,444)		(12,816)	 (13,383)		(11,914)
Net change in plan fiduciary net								
position		(1,133,303)	1,025,711		703,232	615,674		(429,301)
_		(,,,	, ,-		, -	, , , ,		(- , ,
Total plan fiduciary net position -		9 007 455	7 071 744		6 269 512	5 75 <u>2</u> 929		6 102 120
beginning	_	8,097,455	 7,071,744	_	6,368,512	 5,752,838	_	6,182,139
Total plan fiduciary net position -								
ending	\$	6,964,152	\$ 8,097,455	\$	7,071,744	\$ 6,368,512	\$	5,752,838
City's net pension liability	\$	1,137,773	\$ 15,782	\$	787,044	\$ 1,341,236	\$	1,740,309
Plan fiduciary net position as a								
percentage of the total pension								
liability		85.96%	99.81%		89.99%	82.60%		76.77%
Covered payroll	\$	239,981	\$ 217,905	\$	292,357	\$ 278,289	\$	267,858
City's net pension liability as a		.=				404.0		
as a percentage of covered payroll		474.11%	7.24%		269.21%	481.96%		649.71%

Note: GASB Statement No. 68 was implemented for the year ended June 30, 2015 and does not require retroactive implementation. Data will be added as information is available until 10 years of data is displayed. Information presented in this schedule is as of the measurement date of December 31 of each year.

continued

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN CITY'S NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS, CONTINUED

		2017		2016	2015		2014
Service cost Interest on total pension liability Changes in benefit terms	\$	25,952 592,021	\$	32,244 606,193	\$ 30,251 601,032	\$	30,348 600,818
Difference between expected and actual experience Changes in assumptions Benefit payments, including		20,122		(199,017) -	(118,385) 398,731		- -
employee refunds Other changes		(621,667)		(605,162)	 (635,752) 2		(621,289)
Net change in total pension liability		16,428		(165,742)	275,879		9,877
Total pension liability - beginning		7,698,125		7,863,867	7,587,988		7,578,111
Total pension liability - ending	\$	7,714,553	\$	7,698,125	\$ 7,863,867	\$	7,587,988
Plan fiduciary net position Contributions - employer Contributions - employee Net investment income (loss) Benefit payments, including employee refunds Administrative expenses Net change in plan fiduciary net position Total plan fiduciary net position - beginning Total plan fiduciary net position - ending	\$	370,728 12,245 742,075 (621,667) (11,764) 491,617 5,690,522 6,182,139	\$	399,556 13,158 597,269 (605,162) (11,786) 393,035 5,297,487 5,690,522	\$ 351,822 12,535 (83,639) (635,752) (12,249) (367,283) 5,664,770 5,297,487	\$ 	451,191 14,871 345,343 (621,289) (12,669) 177,447 5,487,323
City's net pension liability	\$	1,532,414	\$	2,007,603	\$ 2,566,380	\$	1,923,218
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	•	80.14%	-	73.92%	67.36%	•	74.65%
Covered payroll	\$	264,600	\$	325,067	\$ 311,442	\$	311,066
City's net pension liability as a as a percentage of covered payroll		579.14%		617.60%	824.03%		618.27%

SCHEDULE OF CITY DEFINED BENEFIT PLAN PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS

Fiscal Year Ended June 30,	De	tuarially termined itribution	nployer tributions	(ntribution Excess) eficiency	Covered Payroll	ADC as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	Employer Contributions as Percentage of Covered Payroll
2014	\$	266,620	\$ 717,523	\$	(450,903)	\$ 435,849	61.17%	164.63%
2015		332,885	428,885		(96,000)	311,066	107.01%	137.88%
2016		278,892	378,892		(100,000)	311,442	89.55%	121.66%
2017		320,220	320,220		-	325,067	98.51%	98.51%
2018		349,356	428,424		(79,068)	264,600	132.03%	161.91%
2019		364,800	429,492		(64,692)	267,858	136.19%	160.34%
2020		417,948	461,076		(43,128)	278,289	150.18%	165.68%
2021		458,376	523,068		(64,692)	292,357	156.79%	178.91%
2022		341,616	627,007		(285,391)	217,905	156.77%	287.74%
2023		97,488	277,488		(180,000)	228,080	42.74%	121.66%

Notes to Schedule

Valuation date: Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of December 31

each year, 18 months prior to the beginning of the fiscal year in which

contributions are required.

Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

Actuarial cost method Entry-age

Amortization method Level percentage of payroll, closed

Remaining amortization period 10 years

Asset valuation method 5-year smoothed market

Inflation 2.5%

Salary increases 3.00% in the long-term

Investment rate of return 7.00% net of investment and administrative expense including

inflation

Retirement age 50-60 years of age depending on years of credited services

Mortality Pub-2010 and fully generational MP-2020

Note: Information presented in this schedule is as of fiscal year end of each year.

GENERAL FUND

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

	Budgeted Amounts						Fin	iances with al Budget avorable
		Original	11	Final		Actual		favorable)
Revenues:		Original		1		1100000	(0).	juvoruote)
Taxes	\$	812,291	\$	812,291	\$	813,364	\$	1,073
Licenses and permits	·	42,695		47,565		50,036	·	2,471
Federal grants		1,263,000		415,901		_		(415,901)
State grants		727,258		759,258		752,321		(6,937)
Charges for services		804,338		725,038		736,733		11,695
Fines and forfeits		-		-		500		500
Investment income and rentals		8,914		61,414		69,010		7,596
Other revenue		14,765	_	17,200	_	18,831		1,631
Total revenues		3,673,261		2,838,667		2,440,795		(397,872)
Expenditures:								
Current								
General government								
Council		27,715		27,715		22,027		5,688
Manager		36,233		54,478		50,557		3,921
Clerk		37,604		40,804		40,425		379
Board of review		2,750		2,000		1,637		363
Treasurer/Finance department		89,014		89,014		74,652		14,362
Assessor		77,529		77,529		73,281		4,248
Elections		27,909		26,709		24,570		2,139
City hall		192,032		192,032		169,520		22,512
Corporate council		10,710		7,710		3,177		4,533
Total general government Public safety	_	501,496		517,991	_	459,846		58,145
Building inspection/Code enforcement		102,439		102,439		96,213		6,226
Public works								
Department of public works		269,751		250,751		218,843		31,908
Cemetery		127,573		127,573		93,849		33,724
Total public works		397,324		378,324		312,692		65,632
Community and economic development						_		
Planning		34,755		4,755		1,554		3,201
Economic development		94,180		94,180		82,319		11,861
Industrial Park		21,117		40,117		39,961		156
Community promotion		23,959		23,959		22,233		1,726
Total community and economic								
development		174,011		163,011		146,067		16,944
								continued

GENERAL FUND

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE, CONTINUED

	Budgeted 2	Amounts		Variances with Final Budget Favorable
	Original	Final	Actual	(Unfavorable)
Recreation and culture				
City pool	87,654	102,654	75,176	27,478
Parks maintenance	94,611	94,611	81,756	12,855
Total recreation and culture	182,265	197,265	156,932	40,333
Other				
Pension	26,377			
Capital outlay				
General government				
City hall	25,000	27,000	26,669	331
Public works				
Department of public works	275,000	143,000	97,064	45,936
Cemetery	13,650	-	-	-
Recreation and culture	24.400			
Parks maintenance	24,400	170,000	122.722	-
Total capital outlay	338,050	170,000	123,733	46,267
Debt service	24.000	21 100	21 121	
Principal	24,000	31,498	31,421	77
Interest and fees	50,435	51,069	51,069	
Total debt service	74,435	82,567	82,490	77
Total expenditures	1,796,397	1,611,597	1,377,973	233,624
Excess (deficiency) of				
revenues over expenditures	1,876,864	1,227,070	1,062,822	(164,248)
Other financing sources (uses):				
Proceeds from lease financing	-	-	20,694	20,694
Interfund transfers out	(2,262,672)	(1,377,523)	(912,767)	464,756
Net other financing sources (uses)	(2,262,672)	(1,377,523)	(892,073)	485,450
Change in fund balance	(385,808)	(150,453)	170,749	321,202
Fund balance, beginning of year	1,689,539	1,689,539	1,689,539	
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 1,303,731	\$ 1,539,086	\$ 1,860,288	\$ 321,202

PUBLIC SAFETY FUND

BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE

	Вис	dgeted .	Amo	unts			Fina	nces with l Budget vorable
	Origin			Final		Actual		avorable)
Revenues:					_		(5.5)	
Taxes	\$ 114	4,728	\$	114,728	\$	114,729	\$	1
State grants		5,590	·	16,590	·	15,949		(641)
Fines and forfeits		620		620		470		(150)
Investment income and rentals		5		55		47		(8)
Other revenue	3	3,090		16,090		20,775		4,685
Total revenues	135	5,033		148,083		151,970		3,887
Expenditures:								
Current								
Public safety	1,109	9,221		1,068,221		1,066,469		1,752
Debt service								
Principal		-		1,036		1,001		35
Interest and fees				114		114		<u> </u>
Total expenditures	1,109	9,221		1,069,371		1,067,584		1,787
Excess (deficiency) of								
revenues over expenditures	(974	4,188)		(921,288)		(915,614)		5,674
Other financing sources (uses):								
Proceeds from lease financing		-		-		273		273
Interfund transfers in		9,672		961,622		912,767		(48,855)
Interfund transfers out	(25	5,484)		(40,334)		(65,000)		(24,666)
Net other financing sources (uses)	974	4,188		921,288		848,040	-	(73,248)
Change in fund balance		-		-		(67,574)		(67,574)
Fund balance, beginning of year	71	1,981		71,981		71,981		
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 71	1,981	\$	71,981	\$	4,407	\$	(67,574)



COMBINING BALANCE SHEET

June 30, 2023

		Spe	ecial	Revenue Fu	nds	
	_		Local Street Fund	T.A.Cutler Memorial Library Fund		
Assets:	Φ.	0.50.01.4	Φ.	1 000 100	Φ.	205 442
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	852,214	\$	1,099,493	\$	287,662
Investments		-		-		674,577
Accounts receivable		522		-		-
Accrued interest receivable		100.000		- 20 021		-
Due from other governments Prepaid expenditures		100,000		38,021		1,031
Total assets	\$	952,736	\$	1,137,514	\$	963,270
Liabilities and Fund Balances: Liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$	73,556	\$	133,200	\$	1,040
Accrued wages payable		744	·	1,336	·	2,826
Total liabilities	_	74,300		134,536		3,866
Fund balances: Nonspendable:						
Prepaid expenditures		-		-		1,031
Nonexpendable cemetery principal		-		-		-
Restricted for:						
Library operations		-		-		958,373
Streets		878,436		1,002,978		-
Committed to:						
Capital improvements		-		-		-
Cemetery operations				=		
Total fund balances	_	878,436		1,002,978		959,404
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	952,736	\$	1,137,514	\$	963,270
						continued

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET, CONTINUED

June 30, 2023

	Capital Projects Fund		Permanent Fund				
	Im	Public Improvement Fund		Cemetery Perpetual Care Fund		Total	
Assets:							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,138,455	\$	229,116	\$	3,606,940	
Investments		202,796		21,767		899,140	
Accounts receivable		-		-		522	
Accrued interest receivable		-		26		26	
Due from other governments		-		-		138,021	
Prepaid expenditures		-				1,031	
Total assets	<u>\$</u>	1,341,251	\$	250,909	\$	4,645,680	
Liabilities and Fund Balances:							
Liabilities:							
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	207,796	
Accrued wages payable				-		4,906	
Total liabilities						212,702	
Fund balances:							
Nonspendable:							
Prepaid expenditures		-		-		1,031	
Nonexpendable cemetery principal		-		189,995		189,995	
Restricted for:							
Library operations		-		-		958,373	
Streets		-		-		1,881,414	
Committed to:		1 2 1 1 2 7 1				1 0 41 0 51	
Capital improvements		1,341,251		-		1,341,251	
Cemetery operations			_	60,914		60,914	
Total fund balances		1,341,251		250,909		4,432,978	
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	1,341,251	\$	250,909	\$	4,645,680	

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

	Spe	Special Revenue Funds								
	Major Street Fund		Local Street Fund	N	A.Cutler Iemorial Library Fund					
Revenues:										
State grants	579,239	\$	224,050	\$	10,361					
Contributions from other units	- 7.410		-		208,809					
Charges for services	7,410		-		411					
Fines and forfeits Investment income and rentals	12,404		14,297		51,408 27,423					
Other revenue	635		44,229		21,883					
Total revenues	599,688		282,576		320,295					
Expenditures:										
Current										
Public works	125,120		157,000		-					
Recreation and culture	-		-		230,322					
Capital outlay	89,058	_	180,256							
Total expenditures	214,178		337,256		230,322					
Excess (deficiency) of										
revenues over expenditures	385,510	_	(54,680)		89,973					
Other financing sources (uses):										
Interfund transfers in	-		142,374		-					
Interfund transfers out	(142,374)									
Net other financing sources (uses)	(142,374)		142,374							
Changes in fund balances	243,136		87,694		89,973					
Fund balances, beginning of year	635,300		915,284		869,431					
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 878,436	\$	1,002,978	\$	959,404					
					continued					

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES, CONTINUED

	Capital Projects Fund		Permanent Fund				
	Public Improvement Fund			emetery erpetual Care Fund		Total	
Revenues:							
State grants	\$	-	\$	-	\$	813,650	
Contributions from other units		-		2 200		208,809	
Charges for services Fines and forfeits		-		2,288		10,109 51,408	
Interest and rents		19,418		- 774		74,316	
Other revenue		19,410		-		66,747	
Total revenues		19,418		3,062		1,225,039	
Expenditures:							
Current							
Public works		-		-		282,120	
Recreation and culture		-		-		230,322	
Capital outlay						269,314	
Total expenditures		-				781,756	
Excess (deficiency) of							
revenues over expenditures		19,418		3,062		443,283	
Other financing sources (uses):							
Interfund transfers in		218,404		-		360,778	
Interfund transfers out				-	_	(142,374)	
Net other financing sources (uses)		218,404				218,404	
Changes in fund balances		237,822		3,062		661,687	
Fund balances, beginning of year		1,103,429		247,847		3,771,291	
Fund balances, end of year	\$	1,341,251	\$	250,909	\$	4,432,978	

WATER FUND

COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

June 30, 2023

Current assets:
Cash and cash equivalents \$94,212 - \$ - \$94,212 Utility bills receivable 238,557 - - 238,557 Accounts receivable 2,777 - - 2,777 Accrued interest receivable 164 - - 164 Due from other governments 1,474,990 - 912,351 2,387,341 Inventory 27,627 - - 27,627 Total current assets 1,838,327 - 912,351 2,750,678 Noncurrent assets Restricted cash and cash equivalents 281,918 - - 281,918 Restricted investments 916,219 15 1,625,021 2,541,255 Capital assets not being depreciated 1,578,325 2,225,154 4,364,192 8,167,671 Capital assets being depreciated, net 1,269,633 - 7,952,221 9,221,854 Lease receivable 121,542 - - 121,542 Total noncurrent assets 4,167,637 2,225,169
Utility bills receivable 238,557 - - 238,557 Accounts receivable 2,777 - - 2,777 Accrued interest receivable 164 - - 164 Due from other governments 1,474,990 - 912,351 2,387,341 Inventory 27,627 - - - 27,627 Total current assets 1,838,327 - 912,351 2,750,678 Noncurrent assets 281,918 - - - 281,918 Restricted ain deash equivalents 281,918 - - - 281,918 Restricted investments 916,219 15 1,625,021 2,541,255 Capital assets not being depreciated 1,578,325 2,225,154 4,364,192 8,167,671 Capital assets being depreciated, net 1,269,633 - 7,952,221 9,221,854 Lease receivable 121,542 - - 121,542 Total noncurrent assets 4,167,637 2,225,169 13,941,434 20,334,240 Deferre
Accounts receivable 2,777 - - 2,777 Accrued interest receivable 164 - - 164 Due from other governments 1,474,990 - 912,351 2,387,341 Inventory 27,627 - - 27,627 Total current assets 1,838,327 - 912,351 2,750,678 Noncurrent assets. 281,918 - - 281,918 Restricted cash and cash equivalents 916,219 15 1,625,021 2,541,255 Capital assets not being depreciated 1,578,325 2,225,154 4,364,192 8,167,671 Capital assets being depreciated, net 1,269,633 - 7,952,221 9,221,854 Lease receivable 121,542 - - - 121,542 Total noncurrent assets 4,167,637 2,225,169 13,941,434 20,334,240 Deferred outflows of resources: Related to pension 223,172 - - 223,172 Liabilities: Current
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Total current assets 1,838,327 - 912,351 2,750,678
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Restricted cash and cash equivalents 281,918 - - 281,918 Restricted investments 916,219 15 1,625,021 2,541,255 Capital assets not being depreciated 1,578,325 2,225,154 4,364,192 8,167,671 Capital assets being depreciated, net 1,269,633 - 7,952,221 9,221,854 Lease receivable 121,542 - - 121,542 Total noncurrent assets 4,167,637 2,225,169 13,941,434 20,334,240 Deferred outflows of resources: Related to pension 223,172 - - 223,172 Liabilities: Current liabilities: Accounts payable 959,152 44,697 462,301 1,466,150 Due to other funds - 15 388,075 388,090 Accrued interest payable 2,313 - - 2,313 Deposits payable 9,644 - - 9,644 Accrued wages payable 8,261 - -
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Current liabilities: Accounts payable 959,152 44,697 462,301 1,466,150 Due to other funds - 15 388,075 388,090 Accrued interest payable 2,313 - - 2,313 Deposits payable 9,644 - - 9,644 Accrued wages payable 8,261 - - 8,261
Accounts payable 959,152 44,697 462,301 1,466,150 Due to other funds - 15 388,075 388,090 Accrued interest payable 2,313 - - - 2,313 Deposits payable 9,644 - - - 9,644 Accrued wages payable 8,261 - - 8,261
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Accrued interest payable 2,313 - - 2,313 Deposits payable 9,644 - - 9,644 Accrued wages payable 8,261 - - 8,261
Deposits payable 9,644 - - 9,644 Accrued wages payable 8,261 - - 8,261
Accrued wages payable 8,261 - 8,261
Compensated absences payable - current 19727 - 19727
Long-term debt - current
Total current liabilities 1,055,097 44,712 850,376 1,950,185
Noncurrent liabilities:
Compensated absences payable 5,087 - 5,087
Long-term debt - net of current 737,000 - 737,000
Net pension liability 343,492 343,492
Total noncurrent liabilities 1,085,579 - 1,085,579
Total liabilities 2,140,676 44,712 850,376 3,035,764
continued

WATER FUND

COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION, CONTINUED

June 30, 2023

	Water Operations Fund	Water Supply Construction Fund	Water Supply Replacement Fund	Total Water Fund
Net position:				
Net investment in capital assets	2,054,958	2,225,154	12,316,413	16,596,525
Restricted for:				
Debt service	47,500	-	-	47,500
Replacement/improvements	1,150,637	-	-	1,150,637
Water supply replacement	-	(44,697)	1,686,996	1,642,299
Unrestricted	720,225			720,225
Total net position	\$ 3,973,320	\$ 2,180,457	\$ 14,003,409	\$ 20,157,186

WATER FUND

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION

	Water Operations Fund	Water Supply Construction Fund	Water Supply Replacement Fund	Total Water Fund
Operating revenues:				
Charges for services				
Sales	\$ 1,950,014	-	-	\$ 1,950,014
Other	30,610	-	-	30,610
Penalties	16,358			16,358
Total operating revenues	1,996,982			1,996,982
Operating expenses:				
Personnel	371,633	-	-	371,633
Contracted services	31,160	-	-	31,160
Purchase of water	756,619	-	-	756,619
Administrative expense	171,770	-	-	171,770
Other services and supplies	161,745	-	-	161,745
Depreciation	360,641			360,641
Total operating expenses	1,853,568			1,853,568
Operating income (loss)	143,414			143,414
Non-operating revenues (expenses):				
State grants	4,217	-	-	4,217
Interest income	45,686	1,597	76,425	123,708
Rental income	16,883	-	-	16,883
Lease revenue	44,948	-	-	44,948
Other income	9,325	-	-	9,325
Interest expense	(14,591)			(14,591)
Net non-operating revenues (expenses)	106,468	1,597	76,425	184,490
Change in net position before capital contributions and transfers	249,882	1,597	76,425	327,904
Capital contributions and transfers:				
Capital contributions - Federal grants	1,474,989	915,901	3,152,614	5,543,504
Interfund transfers in (out)	(657,856)	611,109		(46,747)
Total capital contributions and transfers	817,133	1,527,010	3,152,614	5,496,757
Change in net position	1,067,015	1,528,607	3,229,039	5,824,661
Net position, beginning of year	2,906,305	651,850	10,774,370	14,332,525
Net position, end of year	\$ 3,973,320	\$ 2,180,457	\$ 14,003,409	\$ 20,157,186

INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

June 30, 2023

	Motorpool Fund		Police Equipment Fund		Total Internal Service Funds	
Assets:						
Current assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents Inventory	\$	890,740 11,879	\$	119,194	\$	1,009,934 11,879
Total current assets		902,619		119,194		1,021,813
Noncurrent assets:						
Capital assets:		1 062 150				1 262 150
Being depreciated, net		1,263,150				1,263,150
Total assets	-	2,165,769		119,194	_	2,284,963
Liabilities: Current liabilities:						
Accounts payable		3,881		1,163		5,044
Accrued wages payable		384		-		384
Compensated absences payable - current		1,684				1,684
Total current liabilities		5,949		1,163		7,112
Noncurrent liabilities:						
Compensated absences payable - net of current		318		-		318
Total liabilities		6,267		1,163		7,430
Net position:						
Investment in capital assets		1,263,150		-		1,263,150
Unrestricted		896,352		118,031		1,014,383
Total net position	\$	2,159,502	\$	118,031	\$	2,277,533

INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION

	Motorpool Fund	Police Equipment Fund	Total Internal Service Funds	
Operating revenues:				
Charges for services				
Other	\$ 2,635	\$ -	\$ 2,635	
Equipment rental	428,873	85,022	513,895	
Total operating revenues	431,508	85,022	516,530	
Operating expenses:				
Personnel	35,736	-	35,736	
Contracted services	29	-	29	
Other services and charges	107,936	32,616	140,552	
Depreciation	233,972		233,972	
Total operating expenses	377,673	32,616	410,289	
Operating income (loss)	53,835	52,406	106,241	
Non-operating revenues (expenses):				
Interest income	11,476	625	12,101	
Reimbursements/Other income	3,146	-	3,146	
Sale of capital assets	13,004		13,004	
Net non-operating revenues (expenses)	27,626	625	28,251	
Change in net position before transfers	81,461	53,031	134,492	
Transfers:				
Interfund transfers in		65,000	65,000	
Change in net position	81,461	118,031	199,492	
Net position, beginning of year	2,078,041		2,078,041	
Net position, end of year	\$ 2,159,502	\$ 118,031	\$ 2,277,533	

COMPONENT UNIT – DOWNTOWN DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY

BALANCE SHEET

June 30, 2023

Assets:	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 134,273
Property held for resale	85,000
Lease receivable	15,168
Total assets	\$ 234,441
Liabilities:	
Accounts payable	\$ 2,536
Unearned revenue	555
Total liabilities	3,091
Deferred inflows of resources:	
Leases	14,452
Fund balance:	
Nonspendable:	
Property held for resale	85,000
Assigned:	
Building operation and maintenance	14,793
Unassigned	117,105
Total fund balance	216,898
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balance	<u>\$ 234,441</u>

COMPONENT UNIT – DOWNTOWN DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGE IN FUND NET POSITION

Revenues:	
Property taxes	\$ 41,855
Investment income and rentals	8,902
Total revenues	50,757
Expenditures:	
Current	1 6 700
Community and economic development	16,720
Change in fund balance	34,037
Fund balance, beginning of year	182,861
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 216,898

GOVENRMENTAL-TYPE ACTIVITIES

SCHEDULE OF INDEBTEDNESS

June 30, 2023

2014 CAPITAL IMPROVEMENT BOND (LIMITED TAX GENERAL OBLIGATION) (TAXABLE)

Issue in the amount of \$1,600,000

Less: Principal paid in prior years (147,000)
Principal paid in current year (24,000)

Balance payable at June 30, 2023 \$1,429,000

Fiscal Year Ended	Interest Rate	Principal due September 1	Interest due September 1	Interest due March 1	Total Annual Requirement
2024	3.50%	\$ 25,000	\$ 25,008	\$ 24,570	\$ 74,578
2025	3.50%	26,000	24,570	24,115	74,685
2026	3.50%	27,000	24,115	23,643	74,758
2027	3.50%	28,000	23,643	23,153	74,796
2028	3.50%	29,000	23,153	22,645	74,798
2029	3.50%	30,000	22,645	22,120	74,765
2030	3.50%	31,000	22,120	21,578	74,698
2031	3.50%	32,000	21,578	21,018	74,596
2032	3.50%	33,000	21,018	20,440	74,458
2033	3.50%	34,000	20,440	19,845	74,285
2034	3.50%	35,000	19,845	19,233	74,078
2035	3.50%	36,000	19,233	18,603	73,836
2036	3.50%	38,000	18,603	17,938	74,541
2037	3.50%	39,000	17,938	17,255	74,193
2038	3.50%	40,000	17,255	16,555	73,810
2039	3.50%	42,000	16,555	15,820	74,375
2040	3.50%	43,000	15,820	15,068	73,888
2041	3.50%	45,000	15,068	14,280	74,348
2042	3.50%	46,000	14,280	13,475	73,755
2043	3.50%	48,000	13,475	12,635	74,110
2044	3.50%	49,000	12,635	11,778	73,413
2045	3.50%	51,000	11,778	10,885	73,663
2046	3.50%	53,000	10,885	9,958	73,843
2047	3.50%	55,000	9,958	8,995	73,953
2048	3.50%	57,000	8,995	7,998	73,993
2049	3.50%	59,000	7,998	6,965	73,963
2050	3.50%	61,000	6,965	5,898	73,863
2051	3.50%	63,000	5,898	4,795	73,693
2052	3.50%	65,000	4,795	3,658	73,453
2053	3.50%	67,000	3,658	2,485	73,143
2054	3.50%	70,000	2,485	1,260	73,745
2055	3.50%	72,000	1,260		73,260
		\$ 1,429,000	\$ 483,672	\$ 458,664	\$ 2,371,336

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

SCHEDULE OF INDEBTEDNESS

June 30, 2023

POLICE COPIER LEASE

Issue in the amount of		\$ 5,468
Add:	Financing for new payment	228
Less:	Principal paid in prior years	(93)
	 (1,001)	
Balance paya	able at June 30, 2023	\$ 4,602

Balance payable as follows:

Fiscal Year Ended	Interest Rate	Prin	cipal due	Inter	est due	\boldsymbol{A}	Total nnual uirement
Tour Endou			eipui uuc		est atte	rioq.	
2024	2.50%	\$	1,061	\$	103	\$	1,164
2025	2.50%		1,088		76		1,164
2026	2.50%		1,115		49		1,164
2027	2.50%		1,144		20		1,164
2028	2.50%		194		1		195
		\$	4,602	\$	249	\$	4,851

CITY HALL COPIER/2 PRINTERS

Issue in the amount of		\$ 18,995
Less:	Principal paid in prior years Principal paid in current year	 (604) (3,436)
Balance pay	yable at June 30, 2023	\$ 14,955

Fiscal Year Ended	Interest Rate	<u>Prin</u>	cipal due	Inter	est due	\boldsymbol{A}	Total Annual uirement
2024	2.50%	\$	3,523	\$	334	\$	3,857
2025	2.50%		3,612		245		3,857
2026	2.50%		3,702		155		3,857
2027	2.50%		3,797		60		3,857
2028	2.50%		321		1		322
		\$	14,955	\$	795	\$	15,750

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

SCHEDULE OF INDEBTEDNESS

June 30, 2023

CITY HALL MAIL METER AND FOLDER

Issue in the amount of			20,694
Less:	Principal paid in prior years		-
	Principal paid in current year		(3,985)
Balance pay	vable at June 30, 2023	\$	16,709

Fiscal Year Ended	Interest Rate	Prin	cipal due	Inter	rest due	\boldsymbol{A}	Total Annual uirement
2024	2.50%	\$	5,431	\$	367	\$	5,798
2025	2.50%		5,569		229		5,798
2026	2.50%		5,709		89		5,798
		\$	16,709	\$	685	\$	17,394

BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES

SCHEDULE OF INDEBTEDNESS

June 30, 2023

2015 ELECTRIC REVENUE BONDS

Issue in the amount of			950,000
Less:	Principal paid in prior years Principal paid in current year		(320,000) (60,000)
Balance pay	vable at June 30, 2023	\$	570,000

Fiscal Year Ended	Interest Rate	Principal due November 1		Interest due November 1		Interest due May 1		Total Annual Requirement	
2024	2.50%	\$	65,000	\$	9,105	\$	8,293	\$	82,398
2025	2.75%		65,000		8,293		7,399		80,692
2026	3.00%		65,000		7,399		6,424		78,823
2027	3.25%		70,000		6,424		5,286		81,710
2028	3.35%		70,000		5,286		4,114		79,400
2029	3.45%		75,000		4,114		2,820		81,934
2030	3.50%		80,000		2,820		1,420		84,240
2031	3.55%		80,000		1,420				81,420
		\$	570,000	\$	44,861	\$	35,756	\$	650,617

BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES

SCHEDULE OF INDEBTEDNESS

June 30, 2023

WATER SUPPLY AND SEWAGE DISPOSAL SYSTEM REVENUE BOND, SERIES 2013

Issue in the amount of \$5,445,000 Less: Principal paid in prior years Principal paid in current year (260,000) Balance payable at June 30, 2023 \$3,260,000

Fiscal Year Ended	Interest Rate	Interest due October 1		Principal due April 1		Interest due April 1		Total Annual Requirement	
2024	2.00%	\$	32,600	\$	270,000	\$	32,600	\$	335,200
2025	2.00%		29,900		275,000		29,900		334,800
2026	2.00%		27,150		280,000		27,150		334,300
2027	2.00%		24,350		285,000		24,350		333,700
2028	2.00%		21,500		290,000		21,500		333,000
2029	2.00%		18,600		295,000		18,600		332,200
2030	2.00%		15,650		300,000		15,650		331,300
2031	2.00%		12,650		305,000		12,650		330,300
2032	2.00%		9,600		315,000		9,600		334,200
2033	2.00%		6,450		320,000		6,450		332,900
2034	2.00%		3,250		325,000		3,250		331,500
		\$	201,700	\$	3,260,000	\$	201,700	\$	3,663,400

BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES

SCHEDULE OF INDEBTEDNESS

June 30, 2023

WATER SUPPLY AND SEWAGE DISPOSAL SYSTEM REVENUE BOND, SERIES 2020

Issue in the amount of			950,000
Less:	Principal paid in prior years Principal paid in current year		(103,000) (54,000)
Balance payab	\$	793,000	

Fiscal Year Ended	Interest Rate	 erest due tember 1	Principal due Interest due March 1 March 1			Total Annual Requirement		
2024	1.59%	\$ 6,938	\$	56,000	\$	6,938	\$	69,876
2025	1.63%	6,493		57,000		6,493		69,986
2026	1.63%	6,028		59,000		6,028		71,056
2027	1.67%	5,547		61,000		5,547		72,094
2028	1.67%	5,038		63,000		5,038		73,076
2029	1.71%	4,512		65,000		4,512		74,024
2030	1.79%	3,956		67,000		3,956		74,912
2031	1.79%	3,356		69,000		3,356		75,712
2032	1.83%	2,739		71,000		2,739		76,478
2033	1.83%	2,089		73,000		2,089		77,178
2034	1.87%	1,421		75,000		1,421		77,842
2035	1.87%	 720		77,000		720		78,440
		\$ 48,837	\$	793,000	\$	48,837	\$	890,674



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of City Council City of St. Louis, Michigan

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of St. Louis, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of St. Louis' basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 19, 2023.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City of St. Louis' internal control over financial reporting (internal controls) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of St. Louis' internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of St. Louis' internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements, on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City of St. Louis' financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of City Council City of St. Louis, Michigan

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Saginaw, Michigan December 19, 2023

Berthiaume & Co.